DON'T SCOLD THE COOK
BUT USE
KEEWATIN .·. FLOUR.

The Daily Colonist.

D. E. CAMPBELL'S
PRESCRIPTION STORE,
COR. FORT & DOUGLAS STS

VOL. LXIX.---NO. 57 VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1893. THIRTY-FIFTH YEAR.

35 PER CENT. DISCOUNT

As the holiday season is now over and we have an immense stock of Silverware, Novelties and Clocks still on hand, we have decided to offer extraordinary inducements to the public to buy by making a straight cut of 35 per cent. on Silverware, Clocks and Novelties.

We intend to run off our stock if low cash prices will do it.

One important fact in connection with our business is that the retail price is marked in plain figures on every article that we have in stock.

We believe in marking goods in plain figures, so that buyers can see for themselves what the prices are, and we are satisfied that part of our success can be attributed to this. We invite the public to inspect the lines we are now offering at 35 per cent. discount from our retail figures, and we will be pleased to show them to those who do not wish o buy, as well as to those who do.

DAVIDSON BROS.,

The Leading Manufacturing Jewelers, - Five Sisters' Block.

—THE—

Canada Settlers' Loan AND Trust Co

(LIMITED.)

OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

The above Company is prepared to make Loans of ANY AMOUNT on the security of Real Estate in this Province.

Applications may be made to Messrs. Turner, Beeton & Co., Agents for the Company, or to Messrs. Eberts & Tayler, 30 Langley street, Solicitors for the Company.

feb2

INFORMATION

REGARDING THE SILVER MINES OF KOOTENAY OR THE TOWNSITES OF

LARDEAU,
ON A OW LAKE.
DUNCAN CITY,
ON UPPER KOOTENAY LAKE.
ARGENTA,
ON KOOTENAY LAKE.
TROUT LAKE CITY
ON TROUT LAKE.

CAN BE OBTAINED OF

HENRY CROFT

Real Estate, Insurance, Financial & Mining Broker

72 GOVERNMENT ST.

ja16 se13

THE PROVIDENT SAVINGS LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

Issues all the latest and most equitable forms of Insurance offered to the Public.

New Business, 1892.....$19,517,516.00
Insurance in force 31st Dec., 1892..$76,843,241.00

S. H. MATSON, Manager for the Province of B. C.,

Office: 43½ Government Street. fe10-3m-eom

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL.....£600,000, $2,920,000.
(With power to increase.)
RESERVE.....£260,000, $1,265,333.

HEAD OFFICE: - - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON (KOOTENAY LAKE).

IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA.

Agents and Correspondents in Canada and the United States:

Bank of Montreal, Canadian Bank of Commerce, Imperial Bank of Canada; Bank of Montreal, New York and Chicago.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B. C. This branch is now open for business.

Victoria, B.C., April 4, 1892 ap5 W. C. WARD, MANAGER.

ASK FOR
OGILVIE'S
HUNGARIAN FLOUR

The Largest Individual Milling Business in the World.
Total Capacity, 8,000 Barrels per day.
☞ POSITIVELY THE BEST IN THE MARKET. ☜
For sale by all dealers and grocers.
G. M. LEISHMAN, AGENT FOR B. C. ju18

CHICKEN RANCHES OR FRUIT FARMS

100 ACRES Subdivided into 10-acre blocks, to be had cheap and on easy terms. Situate in Saanich. The cheapest land by far in the country.

HALL, GOEPEL & CO., - oc28 100 Government Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MAN wants work of any kind, used to store or office. E., COLONIST office. fe16-2t

WANTED—Capable and experienced person to canvass vicinity for the sale of standard book; good profits; advertiser has sole agency for same. H. E., COLONIST office. fe16-2t

WANTED—A gardener's situation by an English gardener and florist; has had twenty-three years experience, has three good references, married, no children, will take day's work or contract in laying out grounds. Apply Geo. Mowat, care of Mrs. Anderson, 138 Blanchard avenue, this city. fe16-2t-th-th

FOR SALE—A business on principal street. A small capital required. For further particulars apply A. B., care COLONIST office fe16-1t

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.
UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA.

The preliminary COURSE OF LECTURES in the Medical Department of the University of California will begin Wednesday, March 1st, at 9 a.m., at the College Building, Stockton Street, near Chestnut, San Francisco.

R. A. McLEAN, M.D., Dean,
603 Merchant St., cor. Montgomery, San Francisco.
fe16-1w

MOUNT BAKER HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

The first annual meeting of the Mount Baker Hotel Company, Limited, will be held at the office, 30 Broad street, on Friday, the 24th inst., at 2 p.m.

Report of trustees and election of officers.

WM. McGREGOR, Secretary.
fe16-1w

CARD OF THANKS.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Campbell wish to return thanks for the kindnesses shown them in their bereavement. fe16-1t

CITY MARKET.

AUCTION

—ON—

Wednesday, February 22

AT 2 P.M.

PARTICULARS SUNDAY MORNING'S PAPER.

Stabling provided for any number of Cattle consigned for sale.

H. CUTHBERT & CO.,
Market Auctioneers.

Messrs. H. Cuthbert & Co. have always on hand

OATS,
WHEAT,
CHOP FEED,
HAY,

And all kinds of Produce. POTATOES on Friday fe16

ON AN EARLY DATE

H. CUTHBERT & CO.

WILL SELL BY

AUCTION

IN THEIR MART,

Cor. Broad St. and Trounce Ave.

By order of a gentleman who is giving up housekeeping, the whole of his

Valuable Furniture and Effects.

25 BOXES CIGARS,
6 NEW SECRETAIRES,

And other Office Furniture.

Messrs. H. Cuthbert & Co., during the past 12 months, have handled $10,000.00 worth of general business. They are always prepared, on short notice, to conduct Auction Sales on private premises or in their own salerooms or cattle yards on the usual commission. For the convenience of parties who do not care to have an Auction,

FURNISHED HOUSES

and all kinds of Stocks are bought out and out.

HERBERT CUTHBERT,
TELEPHONE 210. fe16 AUCTIONEER.

Saloon for Sale.

The only Licensed Hotel on Toad Mountain, Nelson. Close to the Silver King, Iroquoise and Hidden Treasure Mines. To be sold owing to death of the proprietor. For particulars apply to

BEAUMONT BOGGS & CO.,
fe15 28 Broad Street.

WINNIPEG WIRINGS.

Demands of the Northwest Territories—Curling Bonspiel—Improvements to the Ogilvie Mills.

WINNIPEG, Feb. 15.—(Special.)—F. W. Thompson, manager of the Ogilvie Milling company, has been in Duluth and Minneapolis for several days past inspecting improved milling machinery with a view to making extensive additions to the plant of the Winnipeg mill.

An important document has been drawn up by Premier Haultain, of the Northwest Territories, making representations to the Dominion Government regarding the desired changes in the Northwest constitution. Mr. Haultain leaves on Saturday for Ottawa in connection with this and other important matters. While in Ottawa he will interview the ministers with the object of getting certain moneys refunded to the Territories which lapsed into the Dominion treasury in consequence of being unexpended at the close of the last fiscal year.

The Curling Bonspiel is going merrily on and the curlers are having their hands full to keep up with the play. The Walkerville competition began this morning and play is progressing to-night.

CABLE NEWS.

Russia Will Not Assist Any Opponents of the United States.

Sentences of Panama Swindlers—English Pilgrimages to Rome—Lunatics in Danger.

The Russian Treaty.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 15.—The Novoe Vremya quotes a statement published in the United States to the effect that in the recent treaties France and Russia agreed to assist the United States if attacked by any other power, and says it does not think the matter went to that extent, but that they doubtless undertook not to assist any opponent of the United States.

English Pilgrimage to Rome.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Three trains left Victoria station this morning conveying 534 English pilgrims on their way to Rome to congratulate the Pope on his episcopal jubilee. The journey was suggested by Cardinal Archbishop Vaughan, and at his request the organization of the pilgrimage was undertaken by the Catholic Union of Great Britain.

Russian Squadron Coming.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 15.—Russia has decided to despatch a large squadron of warships to the United States to take part in the naval display at Hampton Roads to celebrate the opening of the World's Fair. The squadron will be really commanded by Admiral Karnakoff, but nominally under the command of Grand Duke Alexis, Lord High Admiral of Russia. Among the officers will be Grand Duke Alexander Michaelovitch, who is betrothed to the Grand Duchess Xenia, the eldest daughter of the Czar.

Grand Trunk Dividend.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—The Grand Trunk Railway Co. to-day declared a dividend of 2½ per cent. on the four per cent. stock, making the total payment in the year 1892 of 3¾ per cent. as against 3¼ per cent. dividend for the year 1891.

Panama Swindlers Sentenced.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—Lequay, adjudged guilty of complicity in the Panama canal frauds, was to-day sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Provost, on the same charge, was sentenced to three years.

An Ocean Mystery.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—The Captain of the ketch Grace Darling, reported at Rathmullen to-day, that 2 o'clock yesterday morning, he sighted a bright light to the south fourteen miles off Mizen Sapull. The light was but eighty yards distant and he headed for it. He heard the screams of women and the shouts of men. Then the light disappeared and a search of four hours failed to reveal any signs of a vessel or human life. He believes the light was that of a sinking ship.

Fire in a Lunatic Asylum.

DUBLIN, Feb. 15.—A small fire in the county lunatic asylum at Belfast to-day caused a panic among the inmates. In the struggle to reach the doors several persons were thrown down the stairs and many were trampled in the corridors. Twelve persons were injured.

HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS.

Treaty Providing for the Annexation of the Islands—Minister Stevens' Action Approved.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 14.—The draft treaty providing for the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands, it is said, is not a long document, and covers the subject matter only so far as necessary to secure the object sought with as little delay as possible. The treaty contains a provision for its reference to the Provisional Government of Hawaii after ratification by the U. S. Senate, to be returned to this country with the approval of the Hawaiian Government within two months after its arrival in Honolulu.

Then there will be legislation to provide a form of government for the new territory and carry out the financial obligations imposed by the treaty. The President, it is said, will, in his message, cover the historic features of the annexation movement from the beginning, fifty years ago, and make a strong argument in favor of annexation. Secretary Foster has telegraphed to Minister Stevens, at Honolulu, approval of his action in affirmatively responding to the request for a Provisional Government in Hawaii and for the establishment of a protectorate over the Islands, pending negotiations for annexation to the United States. Instructions for guidance in his future actions are included in the telegrams. These will leave San Francisco for Honolulu tomorrow by the steamer Australia.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 14.—Admiral Brown, U.S.N., who is visiting this city after his return from Hawaii, in command of the Pacific squadron, to-day received a dozen letters from Honolulu, under date of February 1, two weeks after the Provisional Government was established. He says: "The letters serve to make the whole question of the recent revolution in Hawaii clear to me, coming as they do from both Americans and Hawaiians. It is evident to my mind that the only people in Hawaii who are opposed to annexation to the United States are Queen Liloukalani, the members of the royal family, two members of the last cabinet and some natives who have lost all hope of political preferment. The question of annexation was discussed in the islands for the last two or three years. The desire for annexation has spread rapidly during the last year and the only question at all in doubt was as to how it could be brought about. The oldest men recognized that the United States could not well encourage or support any movement looking toward annexation until there was a radical change in the form of government. While many plans for bringing about the desired change from a constitutional monarchy were discussed, nothing definite had been agreed upon. At one time it appeared as if the Queen would consent to change the form of government provided she and the other members of the royal family could be liberally pensioned. She was badly advised when she, on January 14, so far forgot her oath of office as to resort to unconstitutional methods and declared she would promulgate a new constitution. I cannot but think her advisers were disloyal to her and had in view the condition which followed so closely. The Queen became a revolutionist and had she not been checked and dethroned she would have made herself absolute ruler, and the commercial interests and all foreign interests would have been jeopardized and then opium and lottery advocates would, by large gains and profits, have gained complete control of the Islands by reason of their money power."

TREATY PROVISIONS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The Hawaiian Annexation treaty is a short document and follows closely the treaty by which Alaska was acquired. It provides for complete annexation and the continuance of the Provisional Government of the Islands till the United States Congress acts and the proposed form of Territorial Government is got for the Islands. The treaty leaves a considerable amount of subsequent legislation to Congress, including sugar bounties and the pensions for the ex-Queen and Princess. It, however, conveys all the Crown lands and Government property to the United States.

HOME RULE.

Mr. Brice Replies to Rt. Hon. A. J. Balfour—What Other Members Said.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—Mr. Brice, Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancashire, replying to Balfour, declared that the Government's justification for bringing the bill forward was the failure of coercion. In regard to Ulster, the House ought not to judge the situation by the bluster of certain members.

John Redmond, Parnellite, while in sympathy with the broad principles of the bill, found in it grave blots and felt it imperative to press for an amendment to many of its provisions. Irishmen always disputed the validity of the act of union, and if they accepted the bill and with it the supremacy of the Imperial Parliament based upon the act of union, they must have some guarantee that the British Parliament would not exercise its right to legislate over the heads of the Irish Parliament in local matters.

T. W. Russell, Unionist, said Ulster would oppose the bill to the last.

On motion of Lord Randolph Churchill, debate was adjourned.

Rt. Hon. Mr. Morley stated to-night, in reply to a question by John Redmond, that the Irish constabulary would remain under Imperial control for six years according to the bill.

Mr. Redmond hinted that had this been known before, the schism in the Irish party might have been closed. This utterance is regarded as a prelude to a reunion of the factions.

John Burns, Labor member for Battersea, said he was greatly pleased with the bill, although from a democratic point of view it was not an ideal measure. He objected to the veto power reserved to the Crown, to the second Chamber, and especially to the election of that Chamber by a limited franchise. Burns added that, notwithstanding these objections, he would certainly support the measure.

The Daily News, which contains the most favorable criticism on Mr. Gladstone's bill, condemns the idea of the Irish members voting in both parliaments. It suggests that it would have been better to reduce the Irish representation to one-half, or even one-third, and to allow the Irish members to vote on every question.

Mr. Labouchere declares that he intends to move as an amendment to the Home Rule bill, the exclusion of Irish members from the Imperial Parliament.

THE CHURCH COMMISSION.

Action of Government in Regard to Welsh Dioceses Declared to Transgress the Constitution.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—In the House of Lords yesterday Lord Salisbury asked the Archbishop of Canterbury whether the tone of the Government's direction to the Church Commission, as to its dealing with Welsh dioceses, was such as if the Suspensory Bill were already law.

The Archbishop, in reply, read letters showing that the assignment of certain funds to the Diocese of St. Asaph had been suspended.

Lord Salisbury declared Mr. Gladstone's administration was guilty of a serious transgression of the Constitution. The action taken in regard to the Irish church afforded no precedent in this case. The robbery of the Church of Ireland had been followed by the robbery of landlords and the proposed mutilation of the State. Mr. Gladstone, Lord Salisbury added, was the first British Prime Minister since the Restoration who had earned the reputation of striking down the Church of England. The present was a turning point in English history. The Government aimed at mutilating an institution that was older than the dynasty or other institutions of the country. Surely it was a matter of decency for the Ministry to refrain from trying to obtain preliminary approval of a revolutionary policy by secret actions, through exercising its influence upon the Church Commission, over which the Government had no authority.

Lord Ashbourne (Conservative) denounced the action of the Government as a gross breach of the Constitution.

Lord Herschell, Lord High Chancellor, denied that the ministers had influenced the Church Commission. The strong language used by the opponents of the Government was out of place in view of the relations between the Government and the Commission.

The House then adjourned.

Placed in Commission.

MARE ISLAND, Cal., Feb. 15.—On Monday at 2 p. m. the United States coast defence vessel Monterey was placed in commission. Her complement of 167 men from the receiving ship Independence, headed by the Mare Island band, marched aboard, forming a horseshoe, after which the order from the Secretary of the Navy placing her in commission was read, and the flag was hoisted, the band playing "The Star Spangled Banner." Work was immediately commenced hoisting her stores aboard. Her armor for the turrets will not be here for four months. The Adams and Ranger are still in the stream waiting orders.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Deputy Minister of Justice Sedgewick Called to the Supreme Court Bench.

Cattle Exhibits at World's Fair Relieved From Quarantine—Against Adulterated Honey.

(From our own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Feb. 15.—I hear positively that Robt. Sedgewick, Deputy Minister of Justice, will be appointed to the vacancy on the Supreme court bench. The appointment will probably be made to-morrow. Mr. Sedgewick is the third son of the late Rev. Dr. Sedgewick, of Musquodoboit, N.S. He was born in Aberdeen, Scotland, 10th May, 1848, and came to Canada with his parents in May, 1849; educated at Dalhousie college, he graduated B.A. in April, 1867. He was called to the Bar of Ontario in November, 1872, and was subsequently admitted to the Bar of Nova Scotia, in which province he continued to practise until made Deputy Minister of Justice.

The United States Government has rescinded the ill-advised order that Canadian cattle exhibits to the World's Fair shall be subjected to ninety days' quarantine. Live stock exibits will be entered without quarantine on the certificate of a local veterinary surgeon that pleuro does not exist in the locality whence the cattle come.

The Petrolia oil men, put upon their mettle by the reduction of the duty, have decided to establish central depots in the Territories, whither oil will be shipped in tank cars in place of barrels, reducing the cost of transportation, with the hope of being able to compete with American oil.

The International Fisheries Commissioners will meet at Washington February 28, Commander Wakeham being the Canadian representative.

The Ontario beekeepers are asking the Government to prohibit the manufacture of adulterated honey.

Mr. Stairs, president of the Consumers' Cordage company, thinks the reduction of the duty on binder twine will close all the factories.

This being Ash Wednesday, Parliament took a holiday.

The Canadian Pacific Telegraph Co. sent 137,000 words of the Budget debate to Canadian points last night.

Reports from England to-day indicate continued improvement in the condition of the Governor-General's son.

CANADIAN NEWS.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

Fires at Lindsay.

LINDSAY, Feb. 15.—About 4 o'clock this morning a young man named Joshua Martin, aged 17 years, employed in M. J. Carter's dry goods store, was burned to death. This is the fourth fire in Lindsay in three days. Mr. Carter's loss, his building being totally destroyed, is estimated at $750 on the house and $1,000 on its contents. The insurance on the house is $500, and furniture $700.

A "Globe" Prediction.

TORONTO, Feb. 15.—The Globe in an editorial on Mr. Foster's budget speech, expresses the belief that a general election will be held before Parliament meets again.

A McCarthy Club.

TORONTO, Feb. 15.—Preliminary steps have been taken for the formation of a McCarthy Club in Toronto. The promises of support are most encouraging, and the club will start with a large membership.

United Workmen.

TORONTO, Feb. 15.—The Executive of the Grand Lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen is in session here. The condition of the Order is peaceful and prosperous.

The Governor's Son Better.

OTTAWA, Feb. 15.—A cable despatch says the condition of Hon. Arthur Stanley to-day is rather more favorable, though the critical period of his illness has not yet passed.

An Anvil Chorus.

QUEBEC, Feb. 15.—Allard, the Levis blacksmith, who claims to have discovered the secret of the lost art of hardening copper, celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of his marriage yesterday.

Harvesting Machinery.

HAMILTON, Feb. 15.—The McCormack Manufacturing Co., of Chicago, is said to contemplate establishing a branch of its great factory for harvesting machinery in Canada. An agent of the company is at present seeing Hamilton aldermen on the subject.

Well Known Citizens Dead.

ST. THOMAS, Feb. 15.—Two prominent citizens died suddenly last night from heart failure—Daniel Coughlan, the well known cattle buyer, and Israel Young.

Fatal Runaway.

HALIFAX, Feb. 15.—A party of ladies was run into by a runaway team last night and Miss Lynch, daughter of Peter Lynch, a lawyer, was killed.

After the Smugglers.

QUEBEC, Feb. 15.—The ironclad steamship Anna McGee, bearing the flag of Special Preventative Officer M. Robitaille, having been provisioned for a long voyage, left for below at 4:45 p.m. yesterday under sealed orders, although it is whispered among knowing ones that she is after the whiskey smugglers. She was to stop at St. John, Island of Orleans, last night to await further instructions.

A Pretty Wedding.

HALIFAX, Feb. 15.—A pretty wedding ceremony took place to-day in St. Luke's Cathedral. The principal parties were Miss Dora Maria Louisa Clarkson, daughter of Capt. Clarkson, late of H.M. 30th Regiment, and Colonel Arthur Hill, of the Royal Engineers. The service was fully choral, the officiating clergymen being Rev. E. B. Crawford, rector of St. Luke's, and Rev. Norman Lee, garrison chaplain.

PRESIDENTIAL INAUGURATION.

The Arrangements so far as Completed—The Demonstration Will Surpass Its Predecessors.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The work of the committees having charge of the ceremonies incident to the inauguration of President-elect Cleveland is progressing satisfactorily. General McMahon and Colonel Corbin, who have supervision of the arrangements of the parade, are daily receiving applications from military organizations all over the United States for positions in the line. More than a hundred civic organizations (including Tammany) have thus far reported a probable strength of over 17,000 men to form in line on March 4. The Governors of the following named states have notified the committee that they will be in line accompanied by members of their respective staffs, and in many instances by independent military companies: Delaware, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, Ohio, Louisiana and Wisconsin. It is almost certain that a majority of the Governors of the remaining states will be present, but as yet they have not notified the committee. Pennsylvania, as usual, will send the largest representation of any state. Its full National Guard of 8,600 men will be in line. New York will send its crack organizations, the 7th and the 69th regiments, and probably Company "A" of the 13th Regiment (Brooklyn). The following independent organizations have notified the committee to reserve them positions in the line: Georgia Hussars, Monumental City Guards and Baltimore Rifles, Palmetto Guards, of Charleston, S.C.; Cleveland Troop and Alliance Guards, Ohio, and the Fort Worth Fencibles, Texas. There is every probability that the inauguration of March 4, 1893, will surpass all its predecessors.

CANADIAN CATTLE.

The Subject of Quarantine Increasing in Importance and Interest in England.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—The opponents of the Canadian cattle trade are trying to convince Mr. Gardiner, president of the Board of Agriculture, that the Canadian Government is as little able as the United States Government to insure the absolute freedom of the Canadian herds from the pleuro-pneumonia cattle disease, owing to the laxity of the quarantine regulations against United States cattle in the Northwest. Mr. Gardiner himself says that he must be convinced on this point, which he believes has not been dealt with in the preparation of the Canadian case now on the way here. He urges that another detailed and special report on the Northwest quarantine be forwarded from Ottawa at once. The agitation for and against the schedule is daily spreading. The Royal Society and the English farming bodies are unalterable in their opposition to its removal. In the House of Commons nearly every day questions are put by agriculturist members on the subject.

TORONTO, Feb. 15.—The following special cable appeared in this morning's Globe: London, Feb. 14.—Hon. Mr. Gardiner, president of the British Board of Agriculture, gave a sympathetic hearing to-day to a large Scottish deputation which urged the removal of the restrictions on Canadian cattle. Lord Aberdeen, Lord Caperdown, Lord Breadalbane and eighty representatives of Glasgow, Dundee and Aberdeen and other Scottish bodies urged the importance of the question to Scotland. President Gardiner regretted that the deputation had not awaited the receipt of the detailed official report upon the present condition of the Canadian herds, and upon the intentions of the Dominion Government regarding the Northwest quarantine against United States cattle. Seeing that his conviction was that the disease detected in Canadian cattle was contagious, the law compelled him to be assured that Canada was absolutely free from disease before removing the schedule. The experience of the United States showed that in a large territory disease might exist without the knowledge of the responsible authority. Mr. Gardiner stated that personally he would be very glad to restore the privilege.

FROM SEATTLE.

Great Northern Through Service—An Insane Woman on Her Travels—Shingle Men in Session.

SEATTLE, Feb. 15.—(Special)—The State Shingle Men's Association were in session all day in regard to a cut in prices.

The Great Northern have begun to solicit east bound business. They promise to run trains to St. Paul on Monday.

Mrs. D. K. Kilgana, of Bakersfield, Cal., who wandered away from the Occidental hotel while delirious yesterday afternoon, was seen early last evening four miles south of here on the railroad. She was walking south talking to herself and apparently insane. Nothing more was heard of her. She is said to have a son in Victoria.

CLEVELAND'S CABINET.

Four of the Members Chosen—Future Announcements as Soon as Possible.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., Feb. 15.—Cleveland has officially announced the names of four members of his Cabinet. They are: Walter Q. Gresham, of Illinois, Secretary of State; John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky, Secretary of Finance; Daniel S. Lamont, of New York, Secretary of War; Wilson S. Bissell, of Buffalo, Postmaster General. On making the announcement Cleveland said: "There is no need of any mystery in regard to the Cabinet, and it is useless to speculate and indulge in guesswork. I shall make no secret of the matter, but shall announce the names of the gentlemen selected to fill the positions as fast as I receive their acceptance and permission to make the matter public."

Helen—They say Harry hasn't many fast friends in college.

Dorothy—I should say not. He's a prominent member of the St. Paul's Society and Y.M.C.A.

Mellelsohn's Grammars at Hibben & Co.'s.

Estimates given on interior hard wood work, office fixtures, etc., by Weiler Bros.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Movement for Abolition of the Mortgage Tax—Dangers of Transporting Gunpowder.

Snowfall at Westminster—Nanaimo License Fees—Sunday Closing Act Violations.

[Special to the COLONIST.]

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, Feb. 15.—Englishmen and Irishmen are practicing for the tug-of-war on Friday. The great international event is creating interest.

Vancouver L. O. L. 1560 has passed a resolution protesting against the action of Sir John Thompson, premier, using public money to defeat the Manitoba school act.

The law firm of Messrs. Armstrong, Eckstein & Gaynor have dissolved partnership, and Mr. Armstrong and Mr. O. E. Spencer, formerly of Toronto, have entered partnership.

A meeting of interested parties will take place on Friday afternoon for the purpose of devising the best way or means to induce the Government to do away with the tax on mortgages.

The Court of Revision sat to-day. Very few appeals were made.

Joseph Davidson, a young Scotchman, was hauling a sack of giant gunpowder at Hastings' camp on Seymour Creek, when it by some means ignited and exploded, throwing Davidson to the ground and severely injuring him. A companion carried him to the Inlet and rowed him to the city, where he was taken to the hospital. The right eye was so injured it had to be removed; a finger of the left hand was also amputated.

WESTMINSTER.

NEW WESTMINSTER, Feb. 15.—Two inches of snow fell here last night; there having been rain all day the slush is something awful.

H. Hoy and W. A. Handcock have been nominated for the Aldermanic vacancy in Ward Four.

A great landslide on the Great Northern near Everett, Washington, detained yesterday's train for 18 hours.

Ex-Reeve Sexsmith, of Richmond, has been presented by a number of ratepayers with an arm chair and gold headed cane.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, Feb. 15.—The Council has decided not to lower the saloon licenses.

R. Atkins has been appointed road foreman in the place of B. Baker.

The old pest house out in the Harewood district is to be pulled down and the Sanitary committee will purchase a suitable block of land, whereon a smallpox hospital and a suspect station will be built.

A by-law providing for the making and return of the assessment roll, is to be brought in by Ald. McKennel at an early date.

Complaints are being made of the lax manner in which the Sunday Closing act is enforced in the districts.

W. Owens of the Government steamer Quadra, is in town. He will repair and place in position the harbor buoys that have been more or less scattered lately. Two temporary lamps have been procured for the outside buoys, the proper lamps not having arrived yet from the East.

A very successful entertainment was held in the Northfield school house last evening, in aid of St. Luke's Church. The large school room was crowded, and a particularly strong programme was rendered in excellent style.

Rev. Shafto Agassiz, incumbent of St. Luke's, leaves with his family for England, next week, having obtained a three months' vacation from Archdeacon Scriven.

CHEMAINUS.

CHEMAINUS, Feb. 14.—Mrs. Palmer, who has been visiting friends in St. Paul, has returned. Miss Brown is at present visiting her sister in Courtney, Comox. Miss Thompson, of Nanaimo, is spending a few days with her friends of this place. Mr. John Gray arrived in town Saturday.

A rather singular occurrence was recorded a few days ago, to the great astonishment of the philosophers of this place who were eye witnesses. A number of crows wishing access to a quantity of food beneath a large log congregated on one side of it, overturned it, and thus gained for themselves a good store of provisions.

On account of the unsettled weather and the condition of the roads there have been no services in the churches. The roof of the boiler house of the Chemainus saw mill yielded to the heavy pressure of snow, but the accident was not attended with any further damage.

Mr. Pottinger leaves for Nanaimo to-morrow. Messrs. Kirkendall, Telford and Thompson paid Mr. Wilson, of Oyster, a flying visit on Thursday evening. Mr. Conway has been so unfortunate as to have his hand poisoned. Despite this misfortune he has been reconstructing the telegraph wire on Valdez Island.

The installation of officers took place in the lodge room of the I. O. G. T. on Friday.

MARINE MOVEMENTS.

SAFELY AWAY.

The bark Thermopylæ floated off the sand bar, where she grounded on Tuesday, at high tide, yesterday morning, and was taken in tow by the tug Lorne around to Esquimalt, where a survey was held on her in the afternoon. A diver was sent down to examine her bottom, which was found not to be damaged in the slightest. This being satisfactory information for the captain and owners, it was decided that the vessel should proceed at once on her voyage, and accordingly the Lorne took her out to sea last evening.

COAL LADEN FOR THE ORIENT.

Having secured a cargo of coal at Tacoma, the Northern Pacific steamship Flintshire did not call at this port yesterday as was expected, but passed out to sea on her way to the Orient. It is probable she will make another trip to British Columbia as her present charter provides that she shall make one round trip with the option of another.

MARINE NOTES.

The sealing schooner Venture anchored in the stream, James Bay, yesterday afternoon in order to be ready for sailing at any time. She will be commanded on her cruise by Capt. G. McDonald, and will carry a crew of four whites and sixteen Indians.

A large gang of men are still at work repairing the steamer Premier, but as the repairs are so extensive the job seems likely to be a long one. The recent cold snap, moreover, somewhat delayed progress.

The sealing shooner Labrador was launched from the ways of the Star shipyard yesterday, and is now in splendid condition for the season's work, on which she will start in a few days.

The new sloep being built by the McPhee Bros. is almost ready for launching, and it is expected she will be floated inside of a few days.

The Portland steamer Haytian Republic arrived in from the Columbia river yesterday morning, bringing 62 tons of freight, principally flour, for Victoria.

Steamer Barbara Boscowitz sails for Port Simpson and way ports to-morrow, carrying freight, mail and passengers.

The City of Kingston brought a large flock of sheep over from the American side last evening.

Steamer City of Topeka is due from Alaska to-morrow.

Steamer Alert went to Nanaimo for coal last evening.

ENTERED.

Str. City of Kingston....from Port Townsend.
" Islander..... " Vancouver.
" Alert..... " Darcey Island.
" Haytian Republic.. " Portland.
" Rainbow.... ..... " Nanaimo.

CLEARED.

Str. City of Kingston... for Port Townsend.
" Islander..... " Vancouver.
" Alert..... " Nanaimo.

VICTORIA MARKETS.

The Severity of the Weather Has a Depressing Effect on Trade.

The markets during the week have been very dull, owing in a large degree to the weather. Snow on the country roads is so deep that farmers cannot come in either to sell their produce or to buy, while from a similar cause business has been slow generally. However, a change for the better is expected as soon as the snow clears off, which it is hoped will be in the course of a few days, as a thaw has set in. The only stir observable was in poultry. This was occasioned by the big demand from Chinatown, where thousands of the feathered tribe have been slaughtered for New Year festivities.

In feed stuffs there is no change to note.

POTATOES are still well up, owing to the quantities destroyed by recent frosts, and the fact that the farmers are unable to get into town with their supplies.

VEGETABLES are particularly scarce and hard to be got at any price.

MEATS hold old prices, and stiff as these are, they may go up a cent or two more if the rumor from the interior that most of the cattle have perished in the snow be true.

FISH is a poor supply and high in price for this season of the year.

Appended are the prevailing retail prices:

FLOUR—Portland roller per brl	$ 5.75
Salem	5.75
Ogilvie's (Hungarian)	6.00
Lake of the Woods (Hungarian)	6.00
Premier	6.00
Three Star	5.75
Victoria	5.75
Lion	5.75
Royal	6.00
Wheat, per ton	32.00@10.00
Oats, per con	25.00 @ 30.00
Barley, per ton	25.00@30.00
Middlings, per ton	30.00@35.00
Bran, per ton	27.00@ 30.00
Ground Feed, per ton	30.00@35.00
Corn, whole	45.00
" cracked	50.00
Cornmeal, per 100 lbs. Canadian	2.75@3.00
Oatmeal, per 10 lbs	50
Rolled Oats, per lb " "	6
Potatoes, per bag	2.00
Cabbage, per lb	2@5
Cauliflowers, per doz	2.00@2 50
Hay, baled, per ton	16@18 00
Straw, per bale	1.00
Onions, new, "	3@5
" Silver, per lb	3@5
Eggs, Island, per dozen	40@50
" Portland	30@35
Butter, Island roll, (2 lbs)	65 @ 75
" Creamery, per 3 lbs.	1.00
Cheese, Canadian per lb., retail	20
Hams, American "	22
Bacon, American, per lb	22
" Rolled "	18@20
Shoulders, per lb	15
Lard "	20
Meats—Beef "	10@18
Sides "	8@10
Mutton, per lb	12@18
Pork, fresh "	10@15
Chickens, per pair	2.05
Turkey per lb	30@35
Geese per lb	30@35
Quail, half doz	1.00
Grouse per brace	90
Ducks " "	1.00@1.25
Fish—Salmon (Spring), per lb	12@18
" (Smoked), "	5@10
Cod, per lb	8@12
" (Nfld.), per lb	12½
Halibut, per lb	12@15
Small fish	6@10
Sturgeon	8@10
Herring (Labrador), per doz	50
" (smoked) "	50
Fruits—Apples (any kind), per lb	4@6
Oranges (Navel), per doz	50@75
" (Riverside) "	25@40
" (Japanese) "	20@25
Lemons, per doz	25@50

The only remedy in all the world that will effect the Magical Results herein shown

AND NEVER FAIL.

Cures Lost Power, Nervous Debility, Diseases caused by Over Work, Indiscretion, Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, Lack of Energy, Lost Memory, Headache and Wakefulness.

You gain 10 to 30 lbs. in three months. Price, $1; six packages, $5. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Write for circular. Address

D. E. CAMPBELL,
Family Chemist,
P. O. Box 260. Sole Agent, Victoria, B.C
se6-d&w

GOLD LACK SEC.
(DEUTZ & GELDERMANN'S)
THE WINE OF ALL "BON VIVANTS."

And the finest batch of Champagne ever shipped to Canada. Same quality and cuvée as supplied to the markets of England, Germany and Russia.

THE FAVORITE CHAMPAGNE OF CONNOISSEURS THROUGHOUT THE CIVILIZED WORLD.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS,
Montreal
oc22-tu-th-sa

TENDERS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders for the erection of a frame building for Dr. A. C. West, will be received up to noon Saturday, 18th. Plans and specifications at office of

S. MACLURE,
Architect.
Room 23, Five Sisters block. fe14-3t

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RAILWAY.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Notice is hereby given that Sealed Tenders will be received at the office of the Nelson and Fort Sheppard Railway Company, in the City of Victoria, B.C., up to February 16th, 1893, for the construction of the said railway from Nelson, B C., to a point at or near Fort Sheppard, B C. Bids will be entertained for the work as a whole or in part.

The Company will reserve the right to reject any or all bids. Maps, profiles and specifications for said work will be on file at the office of the Company, 40 Government street, Victoria.

Victoria, Jan. 10th, 1893.

C. T. DUPONT,
Pres. Nelson and Fort Sheppard Railway Company.
ja24

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned on or before the 8th instant, at 4 p.m. for CONSTRUCTING SIDEWALKS IN THE CITY OF VICTORIA during the year 1893, also for REPAIRING JAMES BAY BRIDGE.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the City Engineer.

The lowest or any tender in either case not necessarily accepted.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.
City Clerk's office,
February 1st, 1893, Victoria, B. C. fe2

LANDS AND WORKS.

NOTICE.

To Contractors and Builders.

SEALED TENDERS, endorsed "Tender for Court House, Vancouver," will be received by the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works up to noon Wednesday, 15th February, for the erection and completion of a three-story stone, brick and iron building in the City of Vancouver.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque for $1,000 made payable to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works. In the event of a contract being let, the cheque will be retained as part security for the due performance of the work. The cheque will be returned to unsuccessful competitors, but will be forfeited by any bidder who may decline to execute a contract if called upon to do so.

The contractor will be required to give satisfactory security, amounting to $20,000, for the due fulfilment of the contract, and for the maintenance of the plumbing and heating for a period of twelve months from the date of the completion of the work.

Plans and specifications can be seen, and forms for tender obtained, at the office of N. S Hoffer, Esq., Architect, Room 9, Millar Block, Vancouver, and at the Lands and Works Office, Victoria.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. S. GORE,
Deputy Commissioner of Lands and Works,
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 31st January, 1893. fe2-td

THROW AWAY CRUTCHES

MARVELLOUS

Rheumatic Liniment and Mixture

Rapid and Effective Cure.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 17, 1893.

To Dean & Cryderman, druggists.

GENTLEMEN,—With much pleasure I add my testimony to your valuable Marvellous Rheumatic Cure. For three months I suffered terrible pain. Could not move only by the aid of two sticks. I have only taken two bottles of the medicine and two of the liniment, and I can now go without sticks, and hope after the third bottle to go to work.

Yours very thankfully,
S. NORMAN,
No. 48 Oswego street, corner Michigan street.

If you have Rheumatism, Lame Back or any Severe Ache or Pain, The Marvelous Rheumatic Liniment will Cure it quickly.

DEAN & CRYDERMAN

DRUGGISTS

Sole Agents for B.C. 57 Yates st.
fe9

KOFF NO MORE

WATSONS' COUGH DROPS

WILL GIVE POSITIVE AND INSTANT RELIEF TO THOSE SUFFERING FROM COLDS, HOARSENESS, SORE THROAT, ETC., AND ARE INVALUABLE TO ORATORS AND VOCALISTS. R. & T. W. STAMPED ON EACH DROP. TRY THEM
de21-tts

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers, and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

For sale and mailed by LANGLEY & Co., Victoria, B.C. 1ly17-d&w-s

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTS.

WANTED—Immediately—Two first-class waiters. Driard Restaurant. fe15 3t

WANTED—Boys as messengers. B. C. District Telegraph Co., Limited, 34 Fort street. fe15-2t

WANTED—Two ladies to canvass city. Apply at room 1, Cromwell house, 103½ Government street. fe14-4t

WANTED—Situation to do light housework and plain cooking. Apply B., this office. fe14-3t

WANTED—A man to buy a sawmill or to run a mill on shares. Apply Z., COLONIST office. fe12-6t

YOUNG English lady [widow], competent housekeeper, desires engagement; hotel management or private family; energetic; cheerful; educated; accomplished; highly recommended. A, COLONIST office. fe11 5t

WANTED—$10,000 loaned in Honolulu; best security; $140 payable monthly; whole amount due within four years; will exchange the same for city property or good farm. Address P. O Box 502. fe11-d2t-w1t

NURSE—Mrs. Dupon, ladies' nurse, 132 Fort street. fe10-7t

WANTED—A traveller or agent covering the Province of B. C., having a connection among the hardware and furniture trade, to sell our goods from catalogue. Apply with reference to Baily & Lambert, 21 Alice street, Toronto. fe8-8t

WANTED—Dogskin gauntlet for the left hand. Finder please leave at the COLONIST office. fe5

WANTED—Employment as valet or butler in private family by young man; local references. Apply to W. E. J., COLONIST office. ja27-12t

MRS. WINDEBANK, ladies' nurse; first-class English certificate; 85 Fort street, Victoria. Comfortable apartments and good nursing for ladies during confinement. no19-6m

AGENTS WANTED—On salary or commission, to handle the new Patent Chemical Ink Erasing Pencil. The quickest and greatest selling novelty ever produced. Erases ink thoroughly in two seconds. No abrasion of paper. Works like magic. 200 to 500 per cent. profit. One agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days. Another $32 in two hours. Previous experience not necessary. For terms and full particulars, address The Munroe Eraser Mf'g Co., La Crosse, Wis.-x424 my24

TO LET. OR LEASE.

TO LET—Neat, clean, furnished rooms, well lighted. By day, week or month, call and see them. Mrs. Dow, Cromwell House, 103½ Government street. no22-

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—First and second class silk pongees, $8 and $6 per piece of from 18 to 20 yards. Apply C. F. Moore, corner of Clark and Taunton streets, off Pembroke street, Spring Ridge, three minutes walk from tram terminus. ja20 1mo

FOR SALE—Two pure bred St. Bernard puppies; also good Pointers, Setters and Spaniels; dogs boarded and kennelled. Frank Turner, Mount Tolmie Kennels. ja24-1m

FOR SALE—In Comox district, a farm of 113 acres, well fenced and 80 acres under cultivation. Apply to James Clark, Comox. ja27-1m-w

FOR SALE OR TO LET—With immediate possession, two houses on Rae street. Parlor, dining room, four bedrooms, bath room upstairs and gas. Apply to J. W. Carter, opposite. oc27-tf

FOR SALE—

14½ choice residential lots, between Battery Street and Dallas Road, closely adjacent to Beacon Hill Park.

Plan and price list at office of
JOHN J. AUSTIN,
my22 Government Street.

FOR SALE—

49-acre blocks, Matsqui Prairie, at $35.
160 acres, improved farm, McPherson's, $8 per acre.
100 acres, fine dairy farm, at Sumas, $50 per acre.
Two new houses, 5 rooms, Saanich road, worth $1,200 each, a bargain at $900 each.
Two lots, Pembroke street, $300 and $275.
Building lots, residences and business property for sale.
120 feet frontage on Douglas street, $14,000.

A. W. MORE & CO.,
Mortgage Brokers. 70 Douglas Street.
Scottish Union and National Insurance Co.
ap27

NANAIMO LOTS FOR SALE.

Lots 1 and 10, Block 3. These lots face on Fry, Farquar and Irvine streets, have over 400 feet frontage, are close to the V. C. Co's No. 1 shaft and close adjoining the company's pay offices, where over $100,000 a month is paid out. There is not a 5c. beer saloon in Nanaimo, and here is the very best place to start one and make a fortune in no time. These lots are worth $5,000; I will sell them for $2,500 cash.

WM. BEAUMONT,
ja29 Cadboro Bay Road.

KEEP OUT THE COLD!

Blankets,
Rugs,
Cardigan Jackets,
Overcoats.

HUDSON'S BAY CO.
ap21

A FINE LINE

PRESSED BRICKS

Slightly off color,

Selling at a Great Reduction.

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO.
oc8

British Columbia Southern Railway Co.

A meeting of the shareholders of the above Company will be held at 45 Fort street, Victoria, B. C., on

Monday, the 20th February next,

at 3 p. m.

F. B. PEMBERTON,
ja20-1mo Secretary.

RAGS WANTED.

Three cents a pound will be paid for clean cotton rags at this office. oc19

MISCELLANEOUS

VICTORIA

REPRESENTATIVE BUSINESS FIRMS

OF

JOBBERS AND MANUFACTURERS.

LANGLEY & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists
Established 1858.

HIGHEST MEDAL WAS AWARDED TO
FALCONER
For the Best White Wine and Malt Vinegars at Victoria Exposition, 1892.
Victoria, B.C., Factory and Offices:
Victoria Vinegar and Pickle Works,
J. H. FALCONER.....Proprietor.

SIMON LEISER...
IMPORTER AND
WHOLESALE GROCER

LENZ & LEISER
Wholesale Dry Goods.
LARGEST STOCK IN THE PROVINCE.

BOUCHERAT & CO
IMPORTERS OF
WINES AND LIQUORS

H. R. FOOT & CO.,
BUILDERS OF
YACHTS, BOATS and CANOES
Warren's Wharf, James Bay.

FINE BURGUNDY

A direct shipment of Poulet Pere et Fils. Very choice Burgundy. Just landed.

Beaune, Volnay, Pommard and Chambertin

In Pints and Quarts.

TURNER, BEETON & CO.
dec2

TRY

PORTLAND ROLLER FLOUR

WHITEST, SWEETEST AND BEST.

Manufactured by Portland Flouring Mills Company.
ja18

I. X. L. COMPOUND

To Fruit Growers and Gardeners

Now is the time to spray your trees and destroy Insect Pests and have healthy fruit trees next season, by using

I. X. L. COMPOUND

The Cheapest and Most Effective Insecticide and Fungicide yet produced.

FOR SALE BY

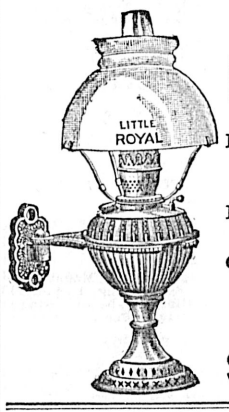
NICHOLLES & RENOUF,

Cor. Yates and Broad Sts., Victoria, B. C.

☞We shall be pleased to give full explanation as to its use. A full line of Spraying Outfits and Pruning Tools on hand.

TELEPHONE 82. my22 P. O. Box 86.

WEILER BROS.



COMPLETE
HOUSE FURNISHINGS

Large stock of Grey, Blue and White Enamelled Iron Ware (the best kitchen ware made).

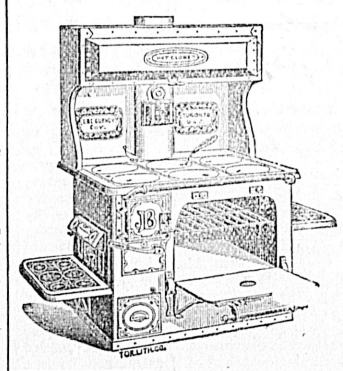
Little Royal hand and Table Lamps, the neatest and most useful little lamps made.

Carpets, Curtains, Blankets, Comforters in great variety.

Your inspection invited.

Showrooms: 51 to 55 Fort St.

GEO. POWELL & CO.



"CHEAPSIDE,"
SOLE AGENTS FOR
Gurney's Celebrated
Stoves and Ranges

John Bull Steel Range a Specialty.

—ALSO—

Importers and Dealers in Crockery, Glassware, Lamps and Hardware.

CHEAPSIDE, - 127 GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.

ARCHITECTS.

A. MAXWELL MUIR, ARCHITECT, 93½ Douglas Street. ap18

JOHN TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, CORNER of Broad Street and Trounce Avenue Established, 1862. f-1

MR. R. ROSKELL BAYNE, Mem. Ryl. Inst. British Architects, se23 50 Government Street.

S. MACLURE, ARCHITECT, ALSO DESIGNER of artistic furniture and interior decorations. Address room 23, Five Sisters' Block. no23-1m

BAKERS.

VICTORIA STEAM BAKERY. M. R. SMITH & Co, 57 Fort Street. Factory 91 Niagara Street. P.O. Box 289. Telephone call 121. f-1

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., COMMISSION Merchants, 131 Government Street. P.O. Box 318, Victoria. Agents Samuel Samuel & Co., Rice, Silk and Curios, London, Yokohama and Kobe; and The Tokio Leather Paper Mills, Japan; Chas. Cammell & Co., Ltd., Cyclops Steel and Iron Works, London, Sheffield, Worthington, etc.; Compania Gral. de Tabacos de Filipinas; The Canvas Mills of Kobe. f-1

DOCTORS.

REMOVAL.

DR. METHERELL

Has removed to 106 Yates street, telephone se18

DR. JOHN HALL, HOMŒOPATHIST, Has removed his Offices to the Five Sisters' Block, third floor, Nos. 51 and 53. Attendance from 2 till 5 p.m. fe11

DRESSMAKING.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING—Mrs. Marshall has removed to 91 View street, between Blanchard and Quadra, where all who require dress and mantle making can have their garments made in the most fashionable style, and perfectly fitted. dec1-tf

DRESS and Mantle Making and all kinds of Needlework done at ladies' houses or at home. Mrs. W., Cromwell House, Government street. de30 1m

HAY, FLOUR AND FEED.

BRACKMAN & KER MILLING CO., LTD. Dealers in Hay, Oats, Flour, etc. Office and warehouse, 125 Government street. f-1

LAND SURVEYORS & CIVIL ENGINEERS

GORE, BURNET & CO. Rooms 1 to 3, Five Sisters' Block. T. S. Gore. H. Burnet. J. H. McGregor mc17

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, 41 PANDORA Street. Dealers in all kinds of photographic material, views of British Columbia and Alaska.

Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 41 Pandora St., Boots, Shoes, Leather and Shoe Findings. "K" boots a specialty. f-1

PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS.

R. LETTICE—DEALER IN PAINTS, OIL, varnish and window glass. Agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspenall's Enamel. 40 Fort street. mc17

WHOLESALE DEALERS.

HENRY SAUNDERS, IMPORTER AND Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, &c. 39 and 41 Johnson street. P.O. drawer H. Telephone No. 28 f-1

SCAVENGERS.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger. 222 Yates street. Yards, etc., Cleaned. Orders left at Munro & Hughes', 82 Douglas street; J. P. Matthews', cor. Douglas and Fort; or W. Blair, cor. Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to. de3

ROBERT HATCHER,
GENERAL SCAVENGER.

Orders left at Joseph Gosnell's, 127 Douglas St.; Sam Clay's, 116 Johnson St.; Mickle & Grice's, 106 Fort St.; Wm. Thompson & Co's, corner Quadra and View Sts.; or T. Moody's, Amelia St., will be promptly attended to. Residence, 209 Douglas St. ap15

"SPOKANE AND GREAT NORTHERN MINING COMPANY" (FOREIGN).

REGISTERED THE 2ND DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1893

Certificate of Registration.

THIS is to certify that I have this day registered the "Spokane and Great Northern Mining Company" (Foreign) under the "Companies' Act," Part IV., "Registration of Foreign Companies," and the "Companies' Act Amendment Act, 1889."

The objects for which the Company is established are:—To acquire by purchase, development, lease, discovery, location and otherwise, mines and mining interests and mining property of every and any desirable character throughout Washington, Idaho, Montana, and elsewhere in the United States of America, also in the Province of British Columbia, but particularly in such localities as may be rendered tributary to the City of Spokane; also to engage in the general business of buying, selling, bonding, stocking, mortgaging, exploring, equipping and operating mines, constructing, operating, leasing, buying and selling mills, concentrators and other mining, milling and ore working and transportation machinery, equipment, adjuncts and appliances; also to buy, sell, ship, and generally deal in ores and other mine products; also to trade in the stocks, bonds, mortgages and other securities of other mining and ore-working companies and corporations; also to acquire, improve, mortgage, sell, and generally deal in lands necessary or advantageous to said corporation.

The amount of the capital stock of the said Company is five million dollars, divided into five million shares of the par value of one dollar per share.

The term of the existence of the said Company is fifty years.

The place of business of the said Company is located at 104 Yates Street, in the City of Victoria, Province of British Columbia.

In testimony whereof I have hereto set my hand and affixed my seal of office this 2nd day of February, 1893, at the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia.

[L.S.] C J. LEGGATT,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.
fe10-1m

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

Notice is hereby given that the "Dupont" Hospital Ambulance is now ready for service in cases of accidents, and can be obtained at the Victoria Transfer Stables.

The use of the ambulance for all cases other than accidents can only be obtained on the order of one of the Consulting or Visiting Physicians of the Hospital.

The names of the said Physicians can be had on application at the Victoria Transfer Stables.

H. M. YATES,
de23-tf Secretary.

GEO. A. SARGISON.
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Accountant & Agent,
48 LANGLEY ST.
ap27

THE DOMINION MILITIA.

General Herbert Presses for the Higher Education of Officers of the Schools.

A New Rifle Cannot Be Issued Without Lengthy Preliminaries—Local Comments.

The annual report of the Militia Department has heretofore covered the calendar year. For the future it will, like all other departmental reports, be for the fiscal year, ending June 30. In consequence of the change a supplemental pamphlet has been issued dealing with occurrences of the first six months of 1892, and the official reports on the drill for the past season will not appear until next fall.

STANDARD FOR PERMANENT OFFICERS.

General Herbert in this supplement emphasizes his former recommendations to the Minister, and in addition offers many striking suggestions. He thinks that at least the permanent force—represented in Victoria by "C" Battery, R.C.A.—should be more than amateur soldiers: "There is much," he says, "yet to be done to bring this small force up to the level of the important duties devolving upon it. I regret that it has not been found possible to give effect to my recommendations, tending towards the higher education of the officers, and I submit these again for your favorable consideration. The officers of the permanent force must be professional soldiers, and to attain that character they must devote themselves to the serious study of the profession they have adopted. They have little to look forward to in the way of material advantages, and they have therefore the right to expect that the means be provided to them for that education by which alone they can become fitted to perform efficiently their duties as instructors of the militia."

SERVICE REWARDS.

As an encouragement to the members, General Herbert notes that the Imperial Government has expressed its willingness to confer medals for long service and good conduct on non-commissioned officers and men of the Canadian permanent force under conditions similar to those governing such rewards in the regular army.

RESPONSIBILITY OF VOLUNTEERS.

Absence without leave from inspection, the Major-General remarks, has grown into a serious abuse in certain city corps, and measures have been taken to check it, so that any attempt to raise the standard of efficiency in those corps may not be rendered abortive.

A system of competition has been established in some of the districts, and prizes for the corps making the best showing have been offered by Sir Donald Smith in Montreal, and Sir Casimir Gzowski in Toronto district. General Herbert hopes to see prominent men come forward elsewhere with similar prizes, which are not expensive and are in the nature of challenge trophies to be held from year to year by the annual winners.

THE PROPOSED NEW RIFLE.

It would seem that there are several lengthy preliminaries that must be attended to before the much abused Snider rifle can be withdrawn and replaced. General Herbert says:—

"An inquiry has been instituted, which is still proceeding, with a view to ascertaining the most suitable small-bore rifle and carbine with which to re-arm the militia. There are, however, two points of the highest importance which have to be considered in connection with this question: There is at present a considerable reserve of Snider amunition, and the supply is maintained by the Dominion Cartridge Factory. In order to manufactnre the ammunition required for a modern small-bore rifle, considerable charges of machinery would be necessary, while the smokeless compound which has taken the place of gunpowder in the modern firearm could not be procured in Canada.

THE LACK OF RANGES.

"There is not more than one rifle range in Canada on which practice could be carried out to the full effective range of a modern rifle. There are few that admit of practice at a longer range than 600 yards. The existence of abundant means for practising rifle shooting is as necessary a condition for attaining efficiency as is the possession of good weapons.

"While earnestly desiring to see the introduction of a better fire-arm, I cannot but recognize that it would be a fruitless expenditure were modern weapons placed in the hands of the militia without due provision for the supply of ammunition to be used with them, or for the means of instructing the men in their use."

REPORTS ON LOCAL CORPS.

The British Columbia Brigade of Garrison Artillery and the Nanaimo Infantry Corps were among the few who did not complete their drill for 1891-92 in time for the publication of the inspection report in the volume for that year. They completed that drill in May last, target practice being omitted, and the acting Deputy Adjutant-General, Lt.-Col. Holmes, said of the Artillery: "The headquarter batteries performed battalion drill under the Major fairly well. All the clothing of these batteries is worn out. The accoutrements are old and of several patterns. New issue recommended." His report by batteries was:

"No. 1, Capt. Townley—This is a very good battery; ranks first in Brigade in efficiency. Company drill, manual and firing exercises, well done. Armory well kept and interior economy very good.

"No. 2, Lieut. Sargison—This battery showed two well drilled gun detachments. Battery in good order; ranks third in Brigade in efficiency. Company drill, manual and firing exercises well done. Armory well kept and interior economy fair.

"No. 3, Capt. Quinlan—Battery in fair order; ranks fourth in Brigade in efficiency. Company drill, manual and firing exercises fairly done; armory well kept, and interior economy poor.

"No. 4, Capt. Smallfield—Battery in very good order; ranks second in Brigade in efficiency. Manual and firing exercises and company drill well done. Armory well kept; interior economy very good."

GENERAL HERBERT'S COMMENT.

The General Officer Commanding thus modifies the repoats above quoted: "The remarks of the D.A.G. can only be accepted in a relative sense. The Brigade is not in a satisfactory condition, though this is not due to any want of zeal on the part of the officers, who have had great difficulties to contend with. To obtain any degree of efficiency, the establishment must be increased and organized on a sound basis."

The Nanaimo Infantry Company is thus commented upon by General Herbert: "At my inspection on the 8th September the state of organization of this company appeared to be very imperfect, and proper steps had not been taken by the D.A.G. to put it on a proper footing."

FROM THE FAR EAST.

Cream of the News Brought by the Latest Oriental Steamer.

The files of the Japan Advertiser up to the 3rd inst., which reached here by the Empress of China Tuesday evening, give the following news of the far East:

Mr. George Scidmore, of the U. S. consular service, who has been on a special mission to the Fiji Islands for over a year past, has returned to Hongkong.

The fifty Cingalese for the World's Fair who were passengers by the Empress of China, have been sent by the Ceylon Government and the Planters Association to run the "Ceylon Teahouse."

On the 1st of February the post offices of all the principal cities and towns of Japan were called upon to handle parcels for the first time, a package post being then inaugurated.

Telegraphic intelligence from Sapporo is to the effect that while in that city the smallpox epidemic is almost stamped out, in six or seven other districts of the Hokkaido it is increasing, 2,864 cases and 1,078 deaths having been reported since the end of October. The latest smallpox returns show 41 new cases and 22 deaths in Kobe on the 20th instant, the total from the 1st instant to that date being 740 cases and 295 deaths. In Minami Tsugaru district, Awomori Prefecture, about ten new cases daily are reported, the total from the 1st instant being 393 cases and 112 deaths. In Osaka, during the week ending the 22nd instant, 132 new cases and 22 deaths occurred. The Jiji reports that the disease has also become prevalent in Okayama.

The fall of snow in Hyogo Prefecture during the few days of the cold wave appears to have been almost phenomenal. According to accounts published in the vernacular papers, the depth of snow recorded in Daishimachi is from three to four feet, in Toyooka-machi five feet, and in some of the mountainous districts of Nanami and Futagata over ten feet. In these districts almost all the roads are reported to be impassable. The Shanghai papers report several incidents showing the severity of the cold which seems to have swept down from the northward over a great part of China. In the Yangtsze the buoys at the crossings were covered with ice, which weighted them down in the water so that they could scarcely be seen. On the 19th a novel sight was witnessed at Shanghai. During the whole of the flood tide an almost continuous field of drift ice floated past the settlements. Outside the Woosung Spit buoy the ice piled up over a foot high alongside the vessels. At Foochow the weather was intensely cold. The whole country was covered with six inches of snow. A large proportion of the population had never seen snow before.

It is learned on the authority of the Nichi Nichi Shimbun that 226 of the 454 fishermen who were reported to have lost their lives by the gale in the Kii channel on December 28 were able to make the island of Hachigo (Fatsizio) on the 30th and 31st ult., where they now are. Twelve men have died since their arrival. Two of the survivors left on a steamer and proceeded to the capital, where they arrived on the 2nd inst., and told their story at the Local Government office. It will be recollected that among the steamers sent to render assistance to the boats overtaken by the storm, one vessel was despatched specially to Hochigo in the hope that some of the boats might have gained that island. It is incomprehensible how that steamer could return and report as she did that none of the men were on the island.

Irrigation in Oregon.

PORTLAND, Feb. 14.—A special from Ellensburg, Wash., says that work will begin immediately on the mammoth irrigating canal of the Kittitas Valley. A large force is already at work on the dam, and 1,000 men will be put at work. The people are overjoyed at the prospect, as the completion of the work means great prosperity for Ellensburg and the Kittitas Valley. The canal will cost $750,000.

Hawaiian Queen's Delegates.

DENVER, Col., Feb. 14. — The Hawaiian commission representing the deposed Queen on the way to Washington to present the case of her late Majesty, arrived here at noon to-day. It is composed of Herr Paul Neumann, ex-attorney-general; Prince David Kawananakoa, a nephew of the late King, and E. C. MacFarland, ex-minister of finance. They leave for the East tomorrow.

A MYSTERIOUS AGENT!

It Possesses Wondrous Powers!

WELL AND TRULY TESTED IN CANADA!

IT IS CALLED

"Our Country's Benefactor!"

Canada's great benefactor, although a mysterious agent to the thousands who use it, possesses such wondrous powers for good in every community, that it has been placed at the top round of the ladder of fame. Our people stand amazed at the magnificent results achieved from day to day, when the best medical efforts fail. Paine's Celery Compound rescues and saves those who are suffering and diseased, and who have been given up by the doctors. The following extracts from a letter written by Mrs. M. W. Brown, Mattox Post Office, Prince Edward Island, will show the value of the grand medicine to weary sufferers: "Had rheumatism in a distressing form for seven years; could not walk or use my arms; at times I could not eat or sleep; was very melancholic and completely rundown. I tried other medicines, but could not get cured. After reading about Paine's Celery Compound, I commenced to use it, and I am now free from all pains; have a good appetite, sleep well, and my health is renewed. I am thankful for the great boon, and would like the world to know what Paine's Celery Compound can do."

Reader, it will do the same for you: it never fails to cure.

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers or their children when teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind

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E. M. JOHNSON

37 Government Street, Corner of Broughton.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Real Estate Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public

Loans Effected, Rents and Income Collected, Deeds Prepared, Etc., Etc.

FOR SALE.

1½ Miles from Vernon, Okanagan Country, 960 ACRES, adjoining the estates of LORD ABERDEEN and the BARNARD BROTHERS. 640 acres ploughable prairie; 320 acres grazing; 400 acres under cultivation. Dwelling House, Frame Granary and Stable. 23 Cows, 12 Horses, Reaper and Binder, Plough Harrows, Sulky Ploughs, etc., etc. Creek of water on the land. First-rate black soil. $25 PER ACRE, INCLUDING EVERYTHING.

SHEEP FARM,

2,500 acres, more or less 30 acres; 1,000 acres grazing, 3 houses, barns, Orchard of 350 trees, pigsties, poultry houses, 100 sheep (about), £1 2. 0, per acre, including everything; over 3-5 of purchase money can be left on the property for 4 years at 7 per cent per annum. 135-1

80 acres, Alberni, 2½ miles from the townsite. $20 per acre. 147-1

80 acres, Alberni, 2½ miles from the townsite. $15 per acre. 147-2

40 acres, Lake District. $10 per acre. 145-1

2 Building Lots, Rithet street, each $1000. 149-1

156 acres, Comox, convenient to steamer, post office, church, school, sawmill, Union Mines, etc., good hunting and fishing, 70 acres cleared and fenced, orchard, well, springs, $9000 with coal right. 150

3388 acres, Sheep Ranch, $2.25 per acre. 151-1

533 acres, sheep grazing land, Vesuvius Bay, 50 ewes, long sea frontage. $1,400. 158

107 acres, Ladner's Landing, all fenced and ditched; 70 acres timothy pasture; 7-room frame house, barns, water tank, 1 acre fruit, 3 horses, 7 pedigree Jersey cows, 1 bull, farming implements; a first-class farm. $10,700. 159-1

Lots 23 and 24, Block I, and Lots 5 and 8, Block H, being subdivision of Block VI, and a portion of Block VIII, Viewfield Farm, Esquimalt District. $2,000 or offer. 159-2

410 acres (more or less), Comox District; 100 acres ploughed and fenced, 3-room frame house, barn 50 x 30 and sheds, stable 30 x 22 and shed, 1½ acres orchard, springs and creek through property; reserve coal; valuable farm. $10,500. 162-3

90 acres, Boundary Bay District; 25 acres ploughed, 5 acres cleared, 5-room frame house, barn 32 x 60, chicken house, 1½ acres orchard, bearing trees, well and spring, $3,200. 161-2

132 acres, Alberni. $15 per acre. 161-4

25 acres, Cowichan District, Macpherson station; 7-room house, barn 24 x 24, chicken house 24 x 24, 1 acre close fence, boundaries fenced, ¾ mile from station. $2,500 or offer. 161-5

5-Room House, bath, chicken house and woodshed, Third street, $2,500. 162-2

Lots 1 and 2, Block 17, New Westminster District Lot 540, Vancouver City. A bargain. For the two lots, $250. 160

6-Room House and Lot, 44x120, more or less, on Pandora street, $4,500. 151-2

Corner lot on Tramway line, Victoria West, $1,200. 133-1

98 acres, 30 cropped, 25 chopped, log house, 2 barns, stable and outbuildings, half mile from school, near railway, $3,500. 128-4

House and 2 lots, Pembroke st., easy terms, $1,000. 110-1

7-room house, conservatory, out-houses, modern conveniences, etc., ½ acre of land; facing the sea; beautiful view of Straits and Olympians, $6,000—terms. 137-1

6-room house, bath, etc.; corner lot, Henry and Turner streets, $3,500. 136-4

320 acres, Alberni; 100 cleared; house, barn, ditching, etc. Cheap, $6,500, on terms. 144-3

97 acres, South Saanich; dwelling, barns, stable, out-houses, etc. $4,200. 142-3

40 acres, South Saanich. $1,400. 142-4

Building lot, 60 feet by 132 feet, Chatham street, near Blanchard. $1,650. 141-2

7-Room House and double lot; a bargain. $1,400. 139-1

237 acres, Somenos Lake. 138-5

120 acres Farming Land, Alberni, within 2 miles steamboat landing, about 6 acres cleared and fenced, log cabin, sheep pen and shed, water power from creek, first class fruit ranch, $1,200. 152-1

86 acres first class Farming Land, close to steamboat landing, main road to Nanaimo runs through the property. Good water power, $1,200. 153-1

320 acres Okanagan District, can be ploughed in an unbroken body, foundation of a fine house, large log house, 18x24, and other buildings, 1 mile from Larkin, S. & O., $15 an acre. A great bargain. 155

160 acres, Valdez Island, about 90 acres swamp grass land, easily drained; remainder open timber; creek runs through property; improvements recorded at $495; half mile from harbour. Price $600. 163

160 acres, Galiano Island, frame house, 14x24; 2 acres fenced; 5 acres slashed and burnt; half mile sea frontage; 2 miles from Point Comfort. Price $960. 164-4

2-storey house and lot, Cloverdale Estate; 6 rooms, bath and woodshed, etc. A bargain; price $2000. 164-3

162 acres, Lake District, on terms. $3240. 164-1

14-room house (new) and lot; hot and cold water; bathrooms, inside closets, electric bells, etc; central location. Price $3500. 164

TO LET.

1 Room, Government street, office, $7.50 per month.
4-Room House, 3 Edmonton street, $8 per month. 16
7-Room House, Oak Bay avenue, bath, etc., $15 per month. 17
5-Room House, 66 Pembroke street, $10 per month. 18
10-Room House, Garbally Road, hot and cold water, $25 per month. 21
6 Cottages, Spring Ridge, $10 and $12 per month.
5-Room House, 181 Pandora street (corner), $16 per month. 33
4-Room House, 295 Johnson street, $7 per month. 1
4-Room House, 226 Cook street, bath, etc., $10 per month. 4
5-Room House, Jackson street, $15 per month. 6
7-Room House, 38 Mason street, $10 per month. 9
7-Room House, 6 Humboldt street, $18 per month. 10
7-Room House, 8 Humboldt street, $18 per month. 11
7-Room House, 40 Mason street, $10 per month. 13
5-Room House, Jackson street. $14 per month. 2
4-Room House, Lime Bay. $10 per month. 3
6-Room House, 66 Second street. $19 per month. 5
Cottage, Fowl Bay. $20 per month. 12
Store and Dwelling, 122 Yates street. $35 per month. 14
5-Room House, 59 North Chatham street. $10 per month. 15
5-Room House, Jackson street, $14 per month. 22
6-Room House, 79 John street, $17 per month. 23
3-Room House, Quadra street, $8 per month. 24
6-Room House, 10 South Turner street, $30 per month. 26

P. O. BOX 188. TELEPHONE NO. 74.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

VETERINARY :: SURGEON.
R. HAMILTON, M.R.C.V.S.
Office, Bowman's Livery Stables, tel. 87. Residence, 100 Cadboro Road, tel. 537. ju23

KEEFER & SMITH,
CIVIL AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEERS
Rooms 44 and 45 Five Sisters' Block, Government Street, Victoria, B. C.
G. A. Keefer, M.I.C.E. H. B. Smith, M.I.C.E.

ASSAYS AND ANALYSIS OF ORES
W. PELLEW HARVEY
GOLDEN, BRITISH COLUMBIA
1881-1885—With Messrs. Vivian & Sons, Swansea.
1885-1890—Chief Assayer and Chemist to John F. Penrose & Sims, Assayers to the Rio Tinto Co., etc., Cornwall.
Price card on application. mc12

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
ESTABLISHED 1803.
INVESTED FUNDS OVER $8,000,000.
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED.
Agent, H. E. CROASDAILE, 42 Fort Street.
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THOMAS HOOPER,
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government Street. tf

F. M. RATTENBURY,
ARCHITECT,
21 Five Sisters' Block, Victoria, B. C.
New Holland Block, Cordova Street, Vancouver, B. C. fe12-1m

KOOTENAY - INVESTMENTS.
E. C. CARPENTER begs to inform intending purchasers that he will be in Kootenay after March 5th.
Information given on Mines, Claims, and Real Estate in Nelson, Ainsworth and Slocan (Slocan especially).
Correspondence solicited. Confidential enquiries answered promptly. Address—P. O. Nelson, Kootenay, B. C. fe23-tf

NOTICE.
The partnership heretofore existing under the name of Reid & Johnston, of Quesnelle Mouth, district of Cariboo, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts due the late firm are to be paid to James Reid, who will assume all liabilities of the same.
JAMES REID.
W. A. JOHNSTON.
Witness, GEO. B. CLARKE. ja20-1m-d&w

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHE, GREEN & CO.,
ESTABLISHED 1873.
BANKERS
VICTORIA, B. C.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED ON LIBERAL RATES OF INTEREST.
DRAFTS, ORDERS, TELEGRAPH TRANSFERS AND LETTERS OF CREDIT ISSUED DIRECT ON OVER 10,000 CITIES IN THE UNITED STATES, CANADA, EUROPE, MEXICO AND CHINA.
COLLECTIONS MADE AT EVERY POINT.
GOLD DUST PURCHASED AT HIGHEST MARKET RATES.
AGENTS FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.
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READING maketh a full man,
Conference a ready man,
Writing an exact man
And JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF a strong man.
All the strength-giving qualities of Prime Beef are present in JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF in a form favorable to all, as very little vital energy is needed in the process of perfect digestion and assimilation. Extracts of Beef are void of all nutrition. fe14-5t and w

VICTORIA BREWING & ICE COMPANY
LAGER BEER.
P. O. Box 216. Telephone 436. Office: Cor. Government and Discovery Streets.

To Mill Men and Others.
PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY.
The Victoria Shingle Mill is now prepared to fill orders for Shingles at shortest notice, at current market rates.
L. JAMIESON,
Telephone No. 46. Porter's Wharf.
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WEATHER STRIPS
For Doors and Windows.
They prevent draughts.
They save fuel.
They protect your health.
Order early.
Sold and fitted by
J. P. BURGESS,
10 Broughton Street.

REMOVAL.
JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad Street and Trounce Avenue.

NOTICES.

[No. 185.]

A BY-LAW

Respecting the Assessment Roll.

Be it enacted by the Corporation of the City of Victoria, by the Council thereof, as follows:

1. It is hereby declared that a distinction for the purpose of assessment shall be made between land and improvements situate within the municipality limits of the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

2. Land situate within the said limits shall be estimated for the purpose of assessment at its actual cash value, as it would be appraised in payment of a just debt from a solvent debtor.

3. Improvements situate within the said limits shall be estimated for the purpose of assessment at fifty per cent of their actual cash value, as they would be appraised in payment of a just debt from a solvent debtor.

4. The Assessor shall begin to make the assessment on or before the fourth Friday in January, and complete the same on or before the second Tuesday in May, and the assessment shall be made on the said second Tuesday in May in each year.

5. The Assessment Roll shall be returned by the Assessor to the Clerk of the Municipality on or before the third Saturday in May in each year.

6. In the construction of this by-law the expressions "Land" and "Improvements" shall have respectively the meanings given to them in Section 2 of the Municipal Act, 1892.

7. The Land and Improvement Assessment By-Law, 1892, and any by-law or by-laws containing any provision or provisions which may be inconsistent with or repugnant to the provisions of this by-law, is and are hereby repealed in so far only as the same are so inconsistent or repugnant, so that full force and effect shall be given to the provisions of this by-law, but not otherwise.

8. This by-law may be cited as "The Assessment By-Law, 1893."

Passed the Municipal Council on the 23rd day of January, 1893.

Re-considered, adopted and finally passed the Council on the 25th day of January, 1893.

[L.S.] ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.
ja28

[No. 184.]

A BY-LAW

To Stop up a Portion of the Craigflower Road.

WHEREAS it is expedient that a portion of the road known as the Craigflower road should be stopped up and streets used in place thereof:

Be it therefore enacted by the Corporation of the City of Victoria by the Council thereof as follows:

Sec. 1. So much of the Craigflower road as runs through Block N, Victoria West, being a portion of section thirty-one, Esquimalt district, is hereby stopped up and closed to public traffic, and Catherine and Langford streets are substituted therefor.

Sec. 2. The date of the coming into effect of this by-law is hereby postponed until the Council adopt a resolution to bring it into effect and a notice thereof signed by the Clerk of the Municipality is published in the British Columbia Gazette.

Passed the Municipal Council on the 16th day of December, 1892.

Re-considered, adopted and finally passed by the Council on the 28th December, 1892.

Returned by the Mayor in an amended form under authority of section 22 of the Municipal Act, 1892, for reconsideration by the Council 23rd January, 1893.

Re-considered and passed in the amended form by the Council 23rd January, 1893.

(L.S.) ROBERT BEAVEN,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, Mayor.
ja28 C. M. C.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that on and after Thursday next, the 24th inst., the scow for the removal of city garbage, and night soil will be at the wharf at the foot of Telegraph street (connecting with Store street between Fisguard and Herald streets), between the hours of 7 a. m. and 7 p. m., for the reception of garbage, refuse, and rubbish; between the hours of 12 midnight and 4 a. m., for the reception of filth, night soil, etc. By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, November 22, 1892. no23

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at its next sitting for a transfer of my license to sell wines and liquors by retail at the Teutonia Saloon, 112 Government street Victoria, B. C., to Diedrich Stegmann, of this city.

Dated this 19th day of January, 1893.

fe2 G. J. McCRALEY.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that having sold the business of Thomas Harding, Vancouver bakery, to Messrs. Simmons & Coker, I take this opportunity of thanking my friends and patrons for past favors and ask that the same be extended to the new firm. Persons having claims against are requested to present the same, and all persons indebted to me are requested to pay such indebtedness to W. Bickford, 63 Fort street.

ELIZABETH MARY HARDING,
Sole Executrix of the estate of Thomas Harding, deceased. ja17-1mo

Notice to Creditors.

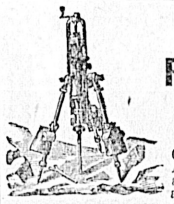
A meeting of creditors of Messrs. Carter & Tolmie will be held on Friday next, the 17th February, at 3 p.m., at the office of the undersigned.

JNO. J. AUSTIN, Assignee,
32 Fort Street,
Five Sisters' Block.
Victoria, February 11, 1893. fe12-td

NOTICE

Is hereby given that we will apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, to be held in March next, for a transfer of the license of the "Adelphi Saloon," situated in the Adelphi building, southwest corner of Government and Yates streets, now held by us, to William Croft, of the City of Victoria.

MURPHY & BROWN.
Victoria, B.C., Jan. 23, 1893. ja24-1m

INGERSOLL ROCK DRILL CO.,
OF CANADA, LTD.
MONTREAL.

ROCK DRILLS
Air Compressors.
General Mining and Quarrying Machinery. A full stock of Drills and Duplicate parts always on hand.
WM. GORDON, Agent for B. C.,
OFFICE: GALPIN BLOCK,
P.O. Box 767. 49½ Government St., Victoria.
oc18-su-w-f-d&w-1y

The Colonist.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1893.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY.
BY
THE COLONIST PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED LIABILITY

W. H. ELLIS, Manager. A. G. SARGISON, Secretary.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Per Year, (Postage Free to any part of Canada) $10 00
Paris of a year at the same rate.
Per week (if delivered) 25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

Per Year, (Postage Free to any part of the Dominion or United States) ..... $ 2 00
Six Months 1 25
Three Months 75
Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly IN ADVANCE.

ADVERTISING RATES:

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line, Solid Nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:—

More than one fortnight and not more than one month—50 cents.
More than one week and not more than one fortnight—40 cents.
Not more than one week—30 cents.
No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2.50, and accepted only for every-day insertion.
Theatrical advertisements, 10 cents per line each insertion.
Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.
Advertisements discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if continued for full term.
Liberal allowance on yearly and half yearly contracts.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonpareil:—First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisements inserted for less than $1.50.

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid Nonpareil, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

☞ Where Cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

COMMUNICATIONS.

All communications intended for publication or concerning matters of news or opinion should be addressed to THE EDITOR, accompanied invariably with the name of the writer. All other communications, in reference to subscriptions, advertisements, etc., matters of business, should be addressed to the BUSINESS MANAGER.

THE TARIFF CHANGES.

The Budget speech has, no doubt, disappointed a considerable number of the supporters of the Government. It was expected that the Government intended to lower some duties and to take off others. Many believed that some of the mouldering branches would be lopped off. But if the only changes are those recorded by our Ottawa correspondent there are, in the opinion of the Finance Minister, no mouldering branches; all that the tariff tree requires just now is, he thinks, a little—a very little—judicious trimming. Some alteration is to be made in the charges on coal oil; the duty on binding twine is to be reduced from 25 per cent. to 12½ per cent., and mining machinery not made in Canada is to be admitted free for three years. As for this last concession, it in a great measure depends upon the way in which the law is interpreted by the Customs Department whether it is a valuable one or not. If the officials are exacting in requiring the importer to prove that the machinery he wishes to bring into the Province is not manufactured in Canada the concession will be of little importance to the miners of this Province. On the other hand, if they interpret it liberally, it may be the means of doing much good. We, nevertheless, think that if the Government had remitted the duties on certain specified pieces of mining machinery for the time named without any qualification whatever, the boon to the Province would have been much greater than it is likely to be. It could well afford to do this. As we have seen, this Province pays far more than the average share of Customs duties and the young and struggling mining industry of the Province might be fostered without taking much from the million odd dollars which British Columbians contribute to the Dominion Treasury more than the rame number of the inhabitants of any of the other provinces.

But in this matter of the revision of the tariff, it is only right to remember that very little of a permanent nature can be done until it is seen what the trade policy of the Cleveland Administration is to be. It is evident to everyone, whatever his opinion on trade matters may be, that the fiscal policy of the United States must to a greater or less extent influence the fiscal policy of the Dominion of Canada. It has done so in the past and it will without doubt have a similar effect in the future. The postponement of the revision of the tariff until next year was a foregone conclusion, but it was expected that a good deal more would be done in the way of remitting and lowering duties then the Government has determined to do. The Opposition will, no doubt, be jubilant over the course which the Government has seen fit to pursue, but the rejoicing of the Grits need give the Finance Minister little concern, if only the Conservatives approve of what he has done and what he has left undone. If the indications are to be relied upon, Mr. Foster has much more to fear from the disappointment and annoyance of the supporters of the Government than from the sneers and denunciations of its opponents.

SLIGHTLY MISTAKEN.

Our correspondent "Naughty Labor" discusses a subject which we did not touch in our article on Capital and Labor. Our object was simply to show that Capital and Labor are not enemies and should not be enemies. We tried to prove that they are inter-dependent and that one cannot prosper without the other, and consequently that those who try to show that they are naturally and necessarily antagonistic are in error, and that their teachings are not conducive to the general welfare.

What Labor is entitled to receive is a subject which we did not touch. Our correspondent evidently believes that the wage-earner is entitled to more than the sum he agrees to work for. He argues that he should have a share of the profits of the business into the bargain. The profit-sharing system has been tried, but it has not been notably successful, for the reason that though the worker was quite ready to take his share of the profits when there was a gain, he was not willing to bear his share of the loss when losses were incurred. But in a partnership concern—it is no matter who or what the partners are—all must bear the losses as well as share the gains. But this is a totally different subject from the one we attempted to discuss, and we are glad to see that "Naughty Labor," who is *bona fide* a workingman, does not hold that Capital is the enemy of Labor.

Our correspondent questions the correctness of our assertion that Capital runs all the risk whether the enterprise pays or does not pay. He says if an employer sinks half of his capital in an enterprise and loss it, he has still the other half to live upon. That is quite true. But what does the man he employed lose, what risk did he run? While the work was going on he received his wages, whether they were high or low. He was benefited to that extent. The wages were paid out of capital which his employer lost, and when the work ceased the laborer had his savings if he had been provident, and even if he had saved nothing he was just where he stood when the losing concern commenced operations. He had lost nothing at all. The losing undertaking afforded him a living for a period, long or short, and he was so much to the good. But the capitalist had to begin the world again crippled.

Under the system which our correspondent favors, the worker would not have escaped so easily. He would be required to bear his share of the loss, and as he had no capital to risk he would have to lose part of his wages. He worked on the shares, and as there were only losses to share he would be in the same condition as the capitalist, and would have to seek work again with a load of debt on his shoulders.

A COMMON-SENSE VIEW.

President Harrison seems determined to make the end of his term remarkable by his exhibitions of dislike to Canada and everything Canadian. He has been fulminating against the privilege enjoyed by Canadian railroads in carrying across the border goods in bond. He appears to be as jealous of Canadian railroad competition as if he were himself a member of an American railroad ring determined to monopolise the traffic no matter who suffered.

It is well known that the Canadian rail roads afford United States citizens accommodation which they prize highly, and which they do not want to lose. Those roads are their great safeguard against extortion. Many Americans know this well, and are consequently opposed to the legislation recommended by President Harrison.

The San Francisco Argonaut, which can hardly be accused of having a leaning towards Canada or of being disposed to favor anything British, takes an enlightened view of this transportation question. In a late number it says:

Time was when trade was regulated from a short-sighted view of patriotism. England refused to permit wool to be exported in order to prevent Antwerp and Florence from making woollen cloth. Spain prohibited the importation of French manufactures on the ground that the peninsula was depleted of coin to pay for them. Genoa destroyed the Venetian navy in order to monopolize the carrying trade of the Mediterranean. Modern opinion does not justify such arbitrary interference with commerce. If it pays to ship the products of California to Illinois by way of Vancouver and Manitoba, the executive at Washington would travel out of its province if it undertook to stop the traffic, or if it hesitated to smooth the way by suspending the arbitrary restrictions on trade imposed by the customs laws.

Trade, if let alone, will follow the lines of least resistance. It will take the shortest lines, the lowest grades, and the smoothest routes. It will go by water in preference to going by land, because water transportation is cheapest. It will prefer a straight to a curved line. It will travel through a country which is occupied rather than through one which is empty, because way traffic is a useful adjunct to through traffic. For these reasons, it is unlikely that the Canadian Pacific can be an abiding competitor for transcontinental traffic between points in California and points in Illinois or New York. If it attempts to grab a share of it, by violating the laws of trade and doing business at a loss, it must sooner or later come to grief, and the Canadian Government can not undertake to defray its losses without committing an act of hostility to the country, which sooner or later would provoke reprisals. If, therefore, things are let alone, the transcontinental traffic will naturally drift into the hands of the American lines, and that portion which the Canadian enterprise has secured by doing violence to logical principles will return where it belongs. But any attempt to bar out the Canadian line by depriving it of the bonding privilege would not only indicate an unbecoming fear of its competition, but would retard the operation of natural laws.

The Argonaut is mistaken if it supposes that under any circumstances the Dominion Government would undertake to "defray" any of the losses of the Canadian Pacific Railway. The Canadian Government has no more to do with the running of the Canadian Pacific than it has with the running of the Northern Pacific. Canadian trunk railways are operated altogether independently of the Government. They are merely commercial corporations which manage their own business to suit their own interests. If they make money the profit is wholly theirs, and if they lose they will have to bear the loss. It is hard to make Americans understand this. They have got it into their heads that the Canadian Pacific, particularly, is a "subsidised" road, and that it is not run on purely commercial principles, but depends upon Government for its profits. The Canadian Government contributed towards the construction of the Canadian Pacific as the United States did towards the Union Pacific, but there its aid ended. When the Canadian Government or the Imperial Government uses the road it pays for the work done like any other customer. What the extent of the patronage of these Governments is we do not know, but it certainly is not great. But barring the money it fairly earns, the C. P. R. does not get a single dollar from either the Dominion or the Imperial Government.

The Boy, the Mother and the Stocking.

As a result of our study of the above classical subject we have now in stock three special lines of extra strong wool hose for boys; with 6, 8 and 10 fold knees and 6 fold ankles. Contrary to a reasonable supposition these cost no more than ordinary knit hose.

WM. WILSON & CO., City House.

Enameled iron ware, blue, grey and white, at Weiler Bros.

Sheffield pocket and sporting knives at Fox's. 78 Government street.

Butcher knives at Fox's.

GILLETT'S PURE POWDERED 100% LYE

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 20 pounds Sal Soda.
Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.
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Warranted to cure APHRODITINE or money refunded

IS SOLD ON POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or any disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium or through indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Los of Power, which, if neglected, often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1 a box, 6 boxes for $5. Sent by mail on receipt price.

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WESTERN BRANCH,
Box 27. PORTLAND, OR.
SOLD BY
COCHRANE & MUNN, DRUGGISTS,
Corner of Douglas and Yates streets,
tno23-dw-rly Sole Agent for Victoria

NOTICE.

During my temporary absence in England, any communications may be left with, and my address obtained from Messrs. Lowenberg, Harris & Co., Government street.
J. GERHARD TIARKS,
no27-tf Architect.

P. A. NICOLLE & CO.
Direct importers of
JAPANESE MERCHANDISE
96 YATES ST.
(Wilson Block)
AND AT
HIOGO, JAPAN.
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DENTISTS
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R. F. Verrinder, M.D., D.D.S., specialist, Oral Surgery. A. E. Verrinder, M.D., D.D.S., specialist, Orthodontia and Bridge Work. ju21

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THE
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Is prepared to lay
Gravel Roofing at $5 per Square.
All work guaranteed.
PACIFIC ASPHALT CO.
J. E. CRANE, sec.-Treas. ap27

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With a pair of Erskine's Gum Boots or Overshoes. The best stock in the city. Prices right.

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DECEMBER IMPORTATIONS.
Henry Clay, "Sensitivas."
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Oscar Y. Amanda "Petit Bouquets."
HUDSON'S BAY CO.
Direct Importers,
VICTORIA. ap24

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lot 67 Block H, Victoria West, in the City of Victoria.

A Certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above lot will be issued to Thomas Allsop, on the 17th day of March, 1893, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest therein or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office,
Victoria, 12th December, 1892. dec13-3mo

TO RENT.

One of the finest offices in the city; splendid location; on ground floor, Five Sisters' Block; large; well lighted by electricity; heated with steam. Apply at C. P. R. Ticket Office. dec3

B B B CURES BAD BLOOD

This complaint often arises from Dyspepsia as well as from Constipation, Hereditary Taint, etc. Good blood cannot be made by the Dyspeptic, and Bad Blood is a most prolific source of suffering, causing

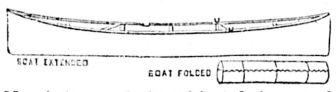
BOILS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES,

Eruptions, Sores, Skin Diseases, Scrofula, etc. Burdock Blood Bitters really *cures* bad blood and drives out every vestige of impure matter from a common pimple to the worst scrofulous sore. H. M. Lockwood, of Lindsay, Ont., had 53 Boils in 8 months, but was entirely cured by 3 bottles of B.B.B., and is now strong and well. Write to him.

The Whitworth
—IS—
The Wheel.

Expert riders choose it every time. See samples before ordering a new mount. au

SPORTSMEN, ATTENTION!
THE ACME FOLDING BOAT CO.



Manufacturers of the celebrated Acme and Eureka Folding Boats; safe, light, handsome, compact; unequalled for fishing, shooting and cruising: weight, 35lbs. up. Prices from $25.00. Collapsible Canvas Decoys—two dozen carried in coat pockets. Send for catalogue 1892.
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Jobbing promptly attended to. Concrete, cement work and sewer connections a specialty. Residence, 53 Vancouver street. References given. no30-3m

KASLO CITY

THE LEADING TOWN

OF WEST KOOTENAY, B. C.

The Growth of Kaslo during the Past Year has been one of Continued Advancement.

Everyone is now well acquainted with the wonderful strides which have been made by Kaslo City during the first year of its existence. One year ago there was scarcely a building or clearing on the Townsite. To-day there are many hundreds of Houses, Substantial Business Blocks, Sawmills, Wide and Well Graded Streets and Sidewalks, Roads and Trails to the Mines, and First-Class Transportation Facilities.

It Is the Busiest Town in Kootenay,

And it has the Brightest Future in store, for it is the Centre of the Richest Silver Mining Region of the Continent. A Railway is now under construction to the Famous Mines of the Slocan, and it is the only point in Kootenay from which ore is being shipped in quantity.

Read what that well-known and energetic mining man, J. F. Wardner, says of the Mines tributary to Kaslo.

PRODUCTION FOR THREE YEARS.

I estimate the following tonnage as the ability of the following Mines:

	Tons		Tons
Noble Five Group	50,000	Ruby Silver	25,000
Rico	50,000	Alice	25,000
Washington	50,000	Mountain Chief	25,000
Wonderful	50,000	Idaho	25,000
Freddie Lee	50,000	Alamo	25,000
Blue Bird	50,000	Great Western	25,000
Utica Consolidated	50,000	Jackson	25,000
Slocan Star	50,000	Wellington	25,000
Dardanelles Group	50,000	Cape Consolidated	10,000
Lucky Jim	25,000	Best	10,000
Reed & Robinson	25,000	Storemount	10,000
Big Bertha	25,000		
Slocan Boy	25,000	Total	780,000

Any discrepancies or short-comings in tonnage will be fully made up by the Great Undiscovered. This estimate is reasonable, when we consider that in order to produce 25,000 tons of this kind of ore in three years we only have to displace five cubic feet per day. Kaslo has no rival for this business. A railroad from the nearest point on the Canadian Pacific Railroad to the great group of producers would be sixty-one (61) miles long. A railroad from Kaslo to the great group of producers will be twenty-four (24) miles long, with a grade averaging less than 2 per cent. The construction of this railroad is assured.

J. F. WARDNER.

Those who invested in Kaslo a year ago in many cases have made a thousand per cent. on their investment. Those who invest now will do equally as well, for the forces are at work which will build it into a city of many thousands of people.

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COLLEGIATE SCHOOL
VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.
HEAD MASTER: REV. C. ENSOR-SHARP, M. A.
This School will re-open in the School Room, Church Hill, on
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At 9.30 a.m.
Communications can be addressed to Post Office Box 183, Victoria, B.C. de25

VICTORIA COLLEGE FOR GIRLS
BELCHER STREET, VICTORIA.
The College will re-open on January 16th, 1893.
For terms and all particulars apply to the Principal.
ap20 MISS KITTO.

F. VICTOR AUSTIN
(Of Paris, Brussels and London),
Teacher of the Violin.
Late Professor of Music Laurel Hall and Oak Grove Colleges; Chase's Seminary and Ursuline Convent, near San Francisco.
For terms, etc., apply 133 Fort street.
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Private Boarding & Day School for Girls
GLEN HOUSE, COR. VANCOUVER AND SCORESBY STS:
MISS INGLIS
Will re-open the above on
MONDAY, JAN. 16TH.
For terms, references, etc., apply at the School. au12

THE Rev. A. J. Greer, M. A., and Mrs. Greer have opened a Language, Mathematic and Elementary School at first house Oak Bay ave. Candidates prepared for all Civil Service Examinations; also for matriculation in English and Colonial Universities of Divinity, Medicine and Law. Elementary department—Children under 14, Music, Pencil and Crayon Drawing a specialty. Evening Classes for those backward with their studies. Terms on application. no6-1mo

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MR. A. F. OWEN
Pianoforte Tuner, from J. and J. Hopkinson, the well-known manufacturer of pianofortes, London, England; 12 years' experience. Particulars as to my ability may be had from the above firm. 3½ years with Goodwin & Co., Victoria.
Orders left at Hibben's Bookstore and Waitt's Music store. ja10

GEO. W. FUGGLE
Pianoforte Maker and Tuner.
VIOLINS, MANDOLINS AND GUITARS REPAIRED
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess Ave., also at Jamieson's Bookstore, next Post Office. P. O. Box 422. mc13 tf

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GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
EPPS'S COCOA.
BREAKFAST—SUPPER.
"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—"Civil Service Gazette."
Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in Packets, by Grocers, labelled thus:
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Proprietors of 22 Distilleries, and Largest Shippers of Bulk for Ten Years.
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PUBLIC NOTICE.

As complaints have been made by residents of the higher levels that they are unable to obtain water for the reason that it is being allowed to run to waste on the lower levels, the attention of all those so wasting water is called to the provisions of the "Water Works Prohibition By-Law," under which parties guilty of improperly wasting water are liable on conviction to a penalty of $100.

E. A. WILMOT,
Water Commissioner.
January 27, 1893. ja28-tf

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE CITY.

To Conduct the Prosecution.

Hon. Theodore Davie leaves by this morning's train for Nanaimo, where he will conduct the prosecution in the Bawnmore kidnapping cases.

Elected Officers.

The St. Barnabas branch of the Church of England Temperance society have elected the following officers for the current year: Rev. G. W. Taylor, president; S. E. King, vice-president; J. S. Bailey, secretary-treasurer.

Start on the Road.

The Boston Operatic Concert company left for Vancouver on this morning's steamer to fill the first of many engagements. They are accompanied by Mr. John Cort, who will travel with them for the first month or so. The company is expected to return to Victoria late in the year.

A False Alarm.

The fire brigade were called out yesterday morning to extinguish what was supposed to be a blaze at the Brunswick house. Inspection showed that there was no danger—a more than usual volume of smoke issuing from a chimney at the rear of the building being the cause of alarm.

No Quorum.

There was no meeting of the School Board last night owing to the lack of a quorum. Trustee Marchant, who had tramped out home and hurried back again to the meeting, moved that in future missing members be fined $100 per month for being tardy, and $8,000 for failing to show up at all.

Lacrosse in California.

Word has been received by letter that a lacrosse club has been organized in San Francisco and also at Los Angeles. A number of lacrosse sticks were imported from the East which turned out to be a poor quality, and it is expected an order will be sent to this city for a few dozen first-class sticks.

Helena Trading Co.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Helena Trading Co. was held yesterday, when business prospects in the Kootenay country were thoroughly discussed and the following officers elected: W. P. Sayward, president; R. P. Rithet, vice-president; Joshua Davies, secretary-treasurer. These gentlemen, with E. Crow Baker, form the board of directors.

A Drive on the Footpath.

John McGinnis was yesterday before Police Magistrate Macrae. His offence was that of driving an express wagon on the footpath from Bastion street to the Post Office. The charge was clearly established by Sergt. Levin, who himself enjoyed the ride. It was pleaded in defence that the snow banks were so high at the corner of Bastion street that the horse could not mount them. A fine of $5 and costs was imposed.

Ah Sam.

A Chinaman with the exclamatory prefix to a rather common name was up at Police court yesterday, charged with the larceny of a pair of gloves from the establishment of Joseph Marymont. Ah Sam was fairly caught in the act, and although he vigorously protested innocence, was sentenced to two months' imprisonment with hard labor. While being led into court Sam saw a chance to escape, and dashed for the door. He enjoyed his freedom for a period of about six consecutive seconds.

In the Courts.

The case of Bell-Irving vs. the City of Vancouver was again up yesterday before the Chief Justice, but further argument was adjourned until Monday next. Mr. Justice Walkem was engaged for a couple of hours in hearing arguments in the case of Trapp vs. Twigg. The first stages of this action, involving a sum of $420, architects' fees, were heard in Vancouver. His Lordship reserved judgment. In Chambers there was but one case heard, that of Whittaker vs. Chance, a motion for leave to sign final judgment. The application was dismissed with costs.

Vie-ing Neighbors.

Justices of the Peace Shakespeare and Pearson occupied the bench at the Provincial court yesterday morning and heard the case of Sayers vs. Vie, in which a vicious dog was the chief factor. Both complainant and defendant live on the Richmond road, and it is alleged that Vie's dog, like his master, is on unfriendly terms with Sayers. The dog attacked Sayers some time ago, and in lieu of something better carried off a large piece of that gentleman's pants, hence the summons. The court ruled that they had no jurisdiction in the case, and pointed out that complainant's remedy was to sue for damages.

"Peck's Bad Boy" Better Than He Was.

Messrs. Griffin & Wilson are serving the public this season with the best presentation of Gov. Peck's boy in dramatic form that has ever come before our notice. The comedy has been greatly improved in form, a new second act entire has been written, a new character (Mrs. Duffy, the policeman's spouse) has been introduced, and, of course, the piece abounds in new and original specialties, introduced by individual members of a very strong vaudeville company. Miss Carrie Tutein, the Bad Boy's girl, is heard in a round of song that has made her famous. Messrs. Barry and Bannon are seen as Irish comedians in songs and dances remarkable for their original and intrinsic merit. Wallie Clarke, as the Boy, is the spirit and animus of all, never letting the tide of fun ebb until the fall of the last curtain. It will be produced in The Victoria Theatre to-morrow (Friday) evening.

"A Prophet Not Without Honor."

Eastern Canadian papers on February 1 published the following special telegram from Chicago, which will be read with more than ordinary interest here: Thomas M. Davis, of Victoria, B.C., now here, will go to Washington and file with the British Minister protests in behalf of the British colonies against any attempt of the United States to seize Hawaii. He says: "Speaking from a colonial point of view, I am convinced the solution of the Hawaiian question will cause serious international complications, situated as we are in British Columbia. Neither our province nor Australia can afford to surrender the key to the Pacific Ocean without a vigorous protest to the Home Government. The greatest hardship of the English colonies, from the naval phase of the question, would be the interruption and possible abandonment of the Vancouver and Australian cable, now ready for construction. It was intended to make Hawaii a landing station for the cable. Aside from Esquimalt or Vancouver Island England has no naval station on this side of the Pacific, but has enjoyed the advantages of Hawaii with America. At Esquimalt we have the Warspite, a strong battle ship, and the Temeraire, one of the largest men-of-war in the British navy, is on the way from Halifax to Esquimalt. At Japan we have two large ships. The other ships of the Pacific squadron are at Hongkong, Melbourne and Tasmania. I have no doubt a majority of the ships will be ordered to Hawaii, and if a settlement of the question fails through arbitration, the world will see one of the greatest battles of modern times."

An At Home.

The Ladies' Aid of the Pandora Avenue Methodist Church held a very successful at home at the residence of Sheriff McMillan on Tuesday evening. A good number turned out and a very pleasant time was spent by all present, the ladies doing all in their power to see that everyone was made to feel truly "at home."

Benefit Performance.

Messrs. Cort and Jamieson have tendered the use of the Victoria Theatre for a benefit for Mr. Daniel Selim, who is well known to old-time Victorians as a theatrical manager, and who is at present in the city. Mr. Selim was here years ago with Sheridan, and brought most of the good companies which visited Victoria ten or twelve years ago. A benefit to the old Royal Hospital was one of his last acts before leaving the town for Australia.

To Hold Revivals.

Mrs. Hampson-Hemus delivered an address to an attentive audience in the Pandora avenue Methodist church last night. The speaker showed considerable eloquence and a power of interesting her audience which claimed their close attention during the entire discourse. At the close of the address it was announced that a series of meetings would be held in the Lyceum, beginning with the first of next week, continuing daily at 2:30 p.m. and 8 p.m. until further notice.

Another Chinaman Gone.

On the arrival of the Medical Health Officer from Darcey Island on Tuesday night, Chief Sheppard reported to him a suspicious case which had been located at 15 Cormorant street. It was that of a Chinaman said to be suffering from leprosy. The trio proceeded to the quarters indicated and there found the sufferer and a number of other Chinamen. The sick man was found to be in a weak state, but not suffering from any infectious or contagious disease. He was removed to the Chinese hospital, where he died yesterday.

A Matter of Convenience.

A delegation of Mainland barristers were in the city yesterday, an important part of whose business was to interview the Premier and to impress upon him the necessity of having more than one judge of the Supreme court resident upon the Mainland. A deputation of members of the bar from Vancouver and Westminster is also expected to visit Ottawa shortly with the same object in view. The deputation now in Victoria also want assistance, both from the benchers of the Law Society and the Government, for the city of Vancouver law library.

W. C. T. U. Refuge Home.

The Ladies' committee thankfully acknowledge donations from the following friends during the months of December and January: Mrs. Hort, Mrs. McGregor, W. C. T. U., Mrs. Wm. Grant, Mrs. D. Spencer, Mrs. Humber, Mr. D. G. Walker, Mr. Porter, Mr. Bullen, Mrs. Carne, Mrs. Flett, Mrs. J. E. McMillan, Mr. Elford, Mr. C. Cameron, Mrs. Macnaughton, Mrs. Elford, Mrs. Foot, Methodist Church, Pandora street, Daughters of Rebekah, First Presbyterian Church, Mrs. E. G. Prior, Mrs. Jones, Mrs. Waller, Mrs. Fitzsimmons and Mrs. C. Watson.

Inquest on the Body of John Boag.

A coroner's inquest was held yesterday afternoon on the remains of John Boag, who had been found dead in his cabin out on the Saanich road last Tuesday morning. The evidence showed that death must have resulted from natural causes, as there was no mark of violence on the body, and nothing to warrant any supposition of suicide. The post mortem examination, performed by Dr. M. Jones, showed an inflamed condition of the lungs, which indicated that death had resulted from pneumonia, and the jury brought in a verdict to that effect. As Boag had no relations, so far as is at present known, Chief Hussey and G. Seamland were appointed executors to adjust a small estate left by the deceased.

Chinese New Year.

B-r-r-r-r!!! Bang!! Pop! pop!! pop!!! which faint suggestion multiplied by 11,000 is intended to convey the idea that yesterday was that, to the Mongolian, all important day known as "Chinese New Year." The day, which with the slant-eyed Celestial is given up to lurid joy, began rather tamely. Here and there a timid splutter might be heard, which indicated that some extra joyous individual was endeavoring to let off steam. But as the day grew older, and especially toward evening, the long roll of numerous packs rattled away in distant echoes across the bay in a way to suggest to the sea gulls who have visited the American side that a small Fourth of July was in progress. The various merchants spent the day in exchanging fraternal visits and cementing their friendship with cups of fragrant Bohea, with here and there, perhaps, a dash of something stronger. Patrons of the laundries received small presents of sweetmeats and the fearful and wonderful confections which delight the Celestial palate, and the small boy, omnipresent where the rattle of the crackers was the loudest, passed a day to be dreamed off when the blistered fingers are soothed with rags saturated in oil, and the restless spirit which would yesterday have scorned to exchange a bunch of crackers for a pair of wings is hushed to rest.

A great day is Chinese New Year.

Choice Wines.

A special shipment of very superior wines arrived by the Chili, amongst them being a selection of fine Burgundies from Messrs. Poulet Pere et Fils—Beaune Cote d'or, France—whose wines have a very high reputation in Europe. Turner, Beeton & Co., agents. dec2-tf

GENTLEMEN,—Guaranteed Sheffield razor, and shaving materials at Fox's, 78 Government street.

Do Not Miss

Reading this item, as Lange & Co. did not succeed in selling their business for the figure agreed to to their Eastern friend, nor in disposing of all of their stock this Christmas to the public. And as the building wherein they have conducted business for the last 17 years is to be destroyed shortly and a new one erected in place, under the circumstances Lange & Co. are obliged to re-open in their own place, No. 88 Douglas street, opposite Odd Fellows' hall. Reduced sales will continue until goods which are left are sold. Any one wishing to secure a good going business established since 30 years, can do so at a very reasonable figure. And the new premises can be rented at a moderate rate.

Each and every purchaser of goods value of 25c has a chance in the Saturday night's drawing at Morris', tobacconist.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

A By-Law to Reduce the Number of Liquor Licenses in the City.

Tangled Discussion as to the Rights of the Mayor to Introduce By-Laws.

The Mayor presided over the weekly meeting of the City Council held last night. There were present—Ald. Miller, Baker, Munn, McKillican, Belyea, Henderson, Styles, McTavish and Bragg.

The minutes of last meeting were taken as read.

The MAYOR asked that the by-law limiting the number of licenses for saloons, etc., be read a first time.

ALD. MUNN asked when the by-law was introduced.

THE MAYOR—On the 10th day of February, 1893.

ALD. MUNN contested the point. He denied that the by-law had been introduced. The mere fact of the Mayor recommending the introduction of a by-law was not introducing it. He doubted the right of the Mayor to introduce any by-law.

HIS WORSHIP contended that the fact of his being Mayor of the city did not prevent his having at least the same rights as any other member of the Council. He introduced the by-law.

ALD. MUNN—I stated to the Mayor a short time ago, before this by-law was spoken of, that I intended to introduce a measure of this kind.

ALD. BELYEA concurred with Ald. Munn. If the Mayor had power to introduce a by-law he should at least give notice of his intention so to do the same as any ordinary member of the Council.

THE MAYOR—Shall this by-law be read a second time?

ALD. MUNN—Do you rule this in order?

THE MAYOR replied in the affirmative, adding that copies of the by-law had been sent to each alderman.

ALD. MUNN—Then I appeal against the ruling of the chair.

THE MAYOR was about to put the question.

ALD. MUNN stood up to offer a further explanation but was ruled out of order, the Mayor explaining that, according to Parliamentary rule, the motion should be put without discussion.

A good deal of discussion, however, was indulged in, and finally the ruling of the chair was sustained by the following vote:

Yeas—Ald. Baker, Belyea, Miller, McKillican and Bragg—5.

Nays—Ald. Munn, McTavish, Henderson, and Styles—4.

His Worship then proceeded to explain the by-law. At present there were eighty licenses granted for the sale of liquor in saloons, three bottle licenses, and four for supplying at meals. The by-law was not intended to interfere with the vested rights of any person, but provided that no new licenses be granted, that licenses not being renewed, or lapsing, fall out.

ALD. MILLER objected to the second reading of the by-law. He contended that the fact of licensing even one man made the trade legitimate, and this being so, any man wishing to embark in the liquor trade should have the right to do so upon paying his license and subjecting himself to the rules and regulations laid down. It was not just to create a monopoly for any particular class of trade. Many men in this city would be glad to have the number engaged in their particular business limited, as this by-law would limit the liquor trade.

ALD. MCTAVISH also opposed the by-law, which he said would be interpreted as a bit of spleen aimed at one gentleman. He agreed with Ald. Miller that a man paying a license and complying with the regulations should be granted one.

ALD. BELYEA supported the by-law. He pointed out that all over the civilized world it had been found necessary to limit and restrict the number of licenses granted. He was not saying anything against the men now engaged in the business in this city, but he thought that the more the liquor traffic was controlled the better it was for the community.

ALD. MUNROE opposed the by-law and thought the Licensing Commissioners ought to be left at least some discretionary power.

ALD. BAKER also opposed the by-law and said it was one calculated to make the Mayor a very popular man, as it would win for him two strong parties—the present holders of licenses, and the temperance people. He (Ald. Baker) would like to see the liquor trade conducted in respectable houses by responsible parties.

ALD. MCKILLICAN favored the by-law, contending that anything that could be done to limit the number of licenses in the city was a step in the right direction.

ALD. HENDERSON favored the principle of the by-law, but thought it went too far, inasmuch as it would deter persons from going into the hotel business on a large scale.

ALD. STYLES opposed the by-law because it would prevent persons from embarking in the hotel business.

ALD. BAKER thought it a hardship that when a man put up a good hotel he should not be granted a license. He, however, would like to see fewer saloons in the city.

A motion was adopted to go into committee of the whole, and to the surprise of some of the aldermen who did not understand the movement, the Mayor proceeded to read the by-law clause by clause. Several votes were taken, and finally the committee rose and, without reporting, asked leave to sit again.

The Street committee recommended the payment of $100 to Mr. McLeod for injuries sustained by him by reason of a defective sidewalk. They also recommended that the names of the streets be placed at the corner of each.

ALD. MCKILLICAN moved as an amendment that the amount to be awarded Mr. McLeod be $150, but met with but little support. The report of the committee was ultimately adopted.

The special committee appointed to confer with the Tramway company as to the acquisition of the charter, asked leave to sit again.—Granted.

A by-law empowering the Council to borrow a sum of $225,000, in anticipation of the revenue of 1893, was read a first and second time and discussed in committee, passing with a few trifling alterations.

The Police committee reported having investigated the charge preferred against Chief of Police Sheppard by Rev. J. E. Gardner, which was not sustained, "the evidence taken being strongly of a contrary character."

ALD. MUNN proposed the following resolution:

"That in the opinion of the Council the Municipal Act, 1892, should be so amended as to enable the Council, if it is considered advisable, to make a further reduction in the rate of taxation of improvements, without necessarily impairing the revenue for the year.

"That in the further opinion of the Council the power to collect the personal property tax should be transferred to the city, and the receipts for the same turned into the municipal instead of the Provincial revenue, as it is at present.

"That copies of this resolution be forwarded to the members of the Provincial Government and the representatives of the city in the Legislature."

He thought that the personal property tax should be paid into the city, as was the case in the older provinces. Every year new burdens were thrown upon the city, and there should be new sources of supply provided.

The motion was seconded by Ald. Bragg.

ALD. BELYEA did not think that there was anything to be gained by the motion. Already the Council had the power to exempt improvements from taxation. If what was required was further power to increase the taxation on land, it would be well to say so, and pass a resolution to that effect.

ALD. BAKER was in favor of cutting down taxation on improvements as much as possible, but was convinced that the tax on land was as high as it would bear.

After further discussion the resolution passed minus the first clause.

Application was made for the use of the Market house for the purpose of the K. of P. entertainment on Saturday evening, and was granted.

The Council adjourned at 11 p.m.

The Unlucky Number.

Car No. 13 ran off the tram line at the head of Fort street, opposite the School, early last evening, and was not got on until near midnight, traffic being disarranged accordingly.

Christian Workers.

Mrs. Hampson Hemus addressed the meeting of Christian workers, in the Pandora Avenue church last night. The address was much appreciated by the large number present, and arrangements were made for house to house visitation. Another meeting for everybody will be held in the same place on Friday evening, at 8 o'clock.

Going Home.

There was a death at St. Joseph's Hospital on Tuesday—that of Edward Williams, a farmer of Coupeville, Whidby Island, opposite Port Townsend. Williams was on his way to his birth place, Cardiff, Wales, and came to Victoria to secure his ticket. Here he was taken suddenly ill and removed to the hospital. His brother has been telegraphed for and the body has been embalmed.

The Leper Buried.

The Chinese leper who is supposed to have committed suicide to avoid being taken to Darcey Island, was buried yesterday. No inquest was held as the circumstances of the death were so well known and the loathsome disease from which he was suffering would have in any event shortly resulted fatally. Some friends of the deceased were notified of his plight and promised assistance, but when the later news of his death was sent them they could only contribute to the funeral expenses, which they did.

Their First General Meeting.

The Victoria Canoe club, to which His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor has kindly extended his patronage, held its first general meeting last evening with a large attendance. The following officers were elected: H. B. Rogers, commodore; T. S. Gore, vice commodore; Ed Pitt, rear commodore; Chas. M. Page, secretary-treasurer; Max Heap, T. Higgins, C. W. Bask, J. B. Hibben, N. J. Holmes, P. Wollaston, jr., W. D. McGregor, H. P. Barnard and J. H. McGregor, general committee. The meeting adjourned at 9:30 o'clock, it being the intention of the club to hold another meeting on Wednesday evening next, for the purpose of amending the constitution and by-laws, and also to decide upon their colors. The club is growing rapidly in numbers and the members are determined, if possible, to make canoeing the principal sport of the year.

The Band Uniforms.

The committee in charge of the subscriptions for the purpose of furnishing the city band with suitable uniforms, report very encouraging progress. A number of solid citizens have expressed their willingness to aid in supporting a good city band. From Bandmaster Finn it is learned that, with the addition of two or three good new men, there is now in the city sufficient talent to render it possible to organize a first-class city band. Mr. Finn will make an endeavor to have several good musicians locate here, and already has some in view who are willing to come out in case they can secure employment sufficient for their support, for which, of course, they cannot look to their connection with the band alone. An endeavor will be made to obtain the requisite situations and bring such men as are needed to the city. Certainly a first-class band and orchestra would be a most desirable addition to the possessions of the city.

TRANSFERS AND CHILDREN'S TICKETS.

TO THE EDITOR:—Except in the substitution of the word "directors" for "shareholders" your report of proceedings at the Tramway company's meeting was substantially correct. The question of discontinuing transfer tickets and free tickets for children *was* discussed; and although no action was taken I feel sure that at the next meeting of the company there will be a large majority in favor of discontinuing both. I am told that the company have given away at least $50,000 in transfers alone in three years. The city charter makes no provision for transfers, and it is not likely that, in face of the deficit caused by the fire, the company will be inclined to continue a liberal policy. The directors should be just before they are generous, and shareholders have a right to insist on a change of policy so that dividends may be assured.

SHAREHOLDER.

The Plain Truth

Is good enough for Hood's Sarsaparilla—there is no need of embellishment or sensationalism. Simply what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story of its merit. If you have never realized its benefits a single bottle will convince you it is a good medicine.

The highest praise has been won by **Hood's Pills** for their easy, yet efficient action. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents.

Parties subscribing with T. N. Hibben & Co. for Harper's Magazine, paying one year's subscription in advance, will, on payment of one dollar additional, receive a copy of "Chicago and the World's Fair," published by Harper & Bros. at $3.

Special Sale

At THE WHITE HOUSE. Furs—Ladies and Childrens' Jackets.

Remnants and all odd lines. Come and see how low they are marked.

HENRY YOUNG & Co.

Try Victoria Lager.

A CHANCE IN A LIFETIME

—TO—

BUY CLOTHING

AT : LESS : THAN : COST : OF : PRODUCTION.

We have several thousand dollars worth of New, Stylish and Seasonable Goods sent to parties in different parts of the Province, but owing to dull times and failures the Clothing was not delivered. We bought all that came along at our own figures, in some cases about half-price. In this way we can sell it at wholesale rates and make a handsome profit, but we will do better. Until March 1st we will sell all of these goods at the following reduced rates: $22.00 Suits for $15.00; $16.00 and $15.00 Suits for $10.00; and Good Suits for $6.00 and $7.00.

We ask you to see these Goods before buying. The Special Lines which we are Cutting in, are several hundred Men's Suits, Youths' Suits, and Boys with long Pants.

The Sale Commences MONDAY, February 13th, 1893,

AND WILL CONTINUE UNTIL THE END OF THE MONTH.

Gilmore & McCandless

TELEPHONE 563. NOS. 35 AND 37 JOHNSON STREET.

J. D. PEMBERTON, C.E. F. B. PEMBERTON, Notary Public.

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CITY, SUBURBAN AND FARMING PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

MONEY TO LOAN AT CURRENT RATES OF INTEREST

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"ANOTHER COUNTY HEARD FROM"

CLEARANCE SALE

—OF—

CLOTHING!!

OVERCOATS AND MACINTOSHES

AT ACTUAL COST FOR CASH.

Men's $22.00 Suits for $15.00.
Men's $15.00 Suits for $10.00.
Men's $13.50 Suits for $9.00.
Men's $10.00 Suits for $7.50.

SAMUEL REID,

122 GOVERNMENT STREET.

N. B.—No trouble to show goods. Do not hesitate to call and examine. fe14

CLEARANCE SALE

AT THE

MANCHESTER HOUSE

88 YATES ST.

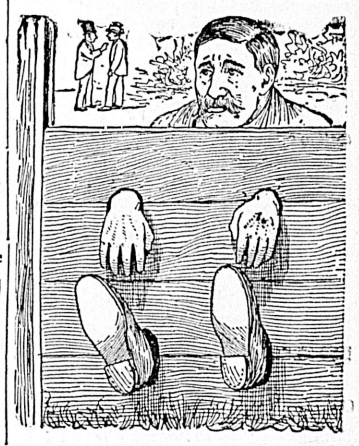
Having disposed of the business (possession given on the 1st of March), the stock must be reduced so that purchaser can take it over at that time. To do so we will sell the whole stock at prices that will effect a clearance.

Parties owing us accounts will please call and settle.

T. HAUGHTON & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Undesirable Stocks



Place many business men in unenviable positions. So far as business is concerned they are Tied Hand and Foot. HENRY SAUNDERS, THE GROCER, 39 and 41 Johnson Street, is not in that sort of fix. His stock was never better, never more complete, never more carefully selected or closer up to date than now. se4

SPENCER'S . . . ARCADE

Carpet :: Department

—FINE SELECTION OF—

Wilton, Brussels

—AND—

Tapestry Carpets

Two and three ply Wool Carpets, Madras Brussels Squares, Wool and Union Squares; all sizes.

Japanese Mattings, Linoleum and Floor Cloths, Rubber Mats and Mattings.

Curtain Poles and Window Shades.

Carpets Sewed and Laid at Short Notice.

D. SPENCER

Government Street.

SLEIGH BELLS

EVERY VARIETY

SELLING CHEAP.

HUDSON'S BAY CO'Y

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PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Third Session of the Sixth Parliament.

TWELFTH DAY.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 15, 1893.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock. Prayers by Rev. J. E. Coombes.

PETITIONS.

MR. COTTON presented a petition from the Burrard Inlet and Fraser Valley Railway Company for an extension of time in their original Act.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

MR. MARTIN, from the Private Bills committee, reported that the rules had been complied with in the case of the petition from His Lordship Bishop Sillitoe for incorporation.

NORTHERN MAIL SERVICE.

MR. HALL moved, seconded by Mr. Booth, "That a resolution be presented to the Lieut.-Governor requesting that he will cause to be pointed out to the Dominion Government the very urgent necessity which exists for the providing of an efficient mail service on what is known as the Northern coast route of this Province by steamers of good speed and accommodation, equal in all respects to the American steamers plying to Alaska. The present requirements are as hereunder, viz: Victoria to Port Simpson, Naas and way ports every week, and Victoria to Queen Charlotte Islands points every four weeks."

MR. HALL said that this resolution came before the House again in practically the same language as had been used on three previous occasions. Each time it had been unanimously supported by the House, and he thought it was unfortunate that such a representation made to the Ottawa authorities would have no effect. However, he would keep persistently and steadily working away at the question, with the idea of at some time getting what his constituents believed to be nothing more than fair play. Referring to the opening up and development of the Northern Coast country, he declared that it was an outrage that after twenty-five years of settlement up the Coast, the mails should yet be carried by an irregular steamer which could not go more than six miles an hour. He did not propose to take up the time of the House with a lengthy speech, but could not refrain from making a few remarks to show how great the injustice was that so little had been done for the British Columbia Coast settlements by the Dominion Government. He compared the excellent service to Alaska by the American liners, with what the Canadian Government had given its people, and concluding said he hoped the resolution would not only be carried, but would be urged upon the Dominion Government by the Executive of the Province.

HON. MR. TURNER, after congratulating the mover of the resolution on his persistency in bringing forward the question year after year, promised in this case more particularly that the subject matter should be urged upon the Dominion Government. The cost of a mail service to the Northern Coast would not be very great, as it was all waterway and would not cost so much as overland. He was sorry to say, however, that the efforts of the Provincial Government to get justice from the Dominion Government were not always as successful as they should be. He would be very glad once more to urge this important matter upon them.

The resolution carried.

DR. BOURINOT'S OPINION.

HON. MR. BEAVEN moved, seconded by Mr. Semlin, "That an order of the House be granted for a return showing the section of the act under which the land was purchased, the numerals of the Crown grant (if any), the name, acreage, price per acre, and district, from which the sum of $213,519.41 has been received at the Treasury from the sale of Crown lands for the fiscal year 1891-92."

HON. MR. VERNON said he would be glad to bring the information down at the earliest possible date.

HON. MR. BEAVEN moved, seconded by Mr. Semlin, "That an order of the House be granted for a copy of the opinion given by Dr. J. G. Bourinot, as to the powers and privileges of the Legislative Assembly, for which a fee of $100 was paid, as per page 24 of the Public Accounts for 1891-92."

HON. MR. BEAVEN said he did not know how much the opinion was worth, Mr. Bourinot being some officer of the House of Commons—librarian, he thought—and he believed the author of some constitutional work. When the Kennedy Bros. were at the bar of the House last year, he (Mr. Beaven) was of opinion that a mistake had been made, and evpressed the opinion that the Speaker and every member of the House were personally liable to an action for damages. He did not blame Mr. Speaker, who no doubt was acting conscientiously, but was wrongly advised by the Attorney-General.

HON. COL. BAKER rose to a question of privilege. The hon. leader of the Opposition was casting a reflection on a previous vote of the House.

HON. MR. BEAVEN continued, when,

MR. HALL rose to a question of privilege, calling attention to the fact that the hon. leader of the Opposition was talking to the galleries, and was not confining himself to the question. (Laughter.)

MR. SPEAKER ruled Mr. Beaven in order.

HON. MR. BEAVEN continued that he had no doubt if the House had not been prorogued last year when it was, the courts would have decided that the Attorney-General was wrong.

HON. MR. DAVIE said that the hon. leader of the Opposition and his friends the Kennedys need have no apprehension that the Government would ask for an act to indemnify them for what had occurred in connection with the Kennedy matter. The observations of the hon. gentleman about what had been done by the House last session would only remind hon. members of the House that his legal opinions were generally almost exactly opposite to the opinions of legal tribunals of the land. There would be no objection to the opinion of Dr. Bourinot being brought down, when it would be found to be exactly in accord with the opinions of the court, supporting the power of the House to protect its own privileges. There was no doubt there had been some defect in the legislation of previous years, but that had all been provided for in an act which was passed last session before the matter was proceeded with.

The motion carried.

HON. MR. BEAVEN moved, seconded by Mr. Semlin: "That an order of the House be granted for the following: (a) The names of each mining recorder and mining district in the Province, the date of appointment and establishing of the same; (b) the date upon which each mining recorder was notified by the Minister of Mines that the 'Mineral Act, 1891, Amendment Act, 1892,' had been passed by the Legislative Assembly."

HON. MR. DAVIE said there was no question about giving the information, but it would be impossible to give that asked for in part (b) of the resolution.

MR. HUNTER thought it would be better for the hon. leader of the Opposition to withdraw his motion, which would not result in any good.

HON. MR. VERNON moved in amendment that clause (b) be struck out.

HON. MR. BEAVEN said that the way the Government was acting in this matter just showed that the ministers were a lot of incompetent nobodies, who didn't have brains enough even to notify a mining recorder of changes in the Act.

HON. MR. VERNON—Very clever! (Laughter.)

HON. MR. BEAVEN—Yes. (Renewed laughter.)

HON. COL. BAKER said the Government would indeed be showing a want of brains if it would permit such a stupid and ridiculous motion to go through the House. Such resolutions were only brought forward by the hon. leader of the Opposition for effect—there was such a short distance between his mouth and the gallery. (Laughter.)

The amendment carried on the following division:—

AYES—Messrs. Fletcher, Rogers, Hunter, Croft, Martin, Turner, Nason, Hall, Booth, Stoddart, Vernon, Davie, Baker, Watt, Smith, Kellie and Punch—17.

NAYS—Messrs. Semlin, McKenzie, Sword, Kitchen, Cotton, Milne, Beaven, Brown, Forster and Keith—10.

QUESTIONS.

HON. MR. BEAVEN asked the hon. Finance Minister the following questions:

1. What was the total revenue and expenditure from 1st July to 31st December, 1892?

2. What was the amount of revenue brought to account at the Treasury during the first six months of the fiscal year 1892-93 on account of land sales?

3. (a.) What amount had the Government to its debit or credit at the Government bank on 31st December, 1892, (b) and on 31st January, 1893, and what was the cash balance in the Deputy Treasurer's hands at the same dates?

The replies given were as follows:

1—Revenue, $468,850.87; expenditure, $685,090.98.

2—$156,612.74.

3—(a) Cr., $580,160.23; (b) Cr., $602,100.70.

Cash deposited in Deputy-Treasurer's hands 31st Dec., 1892, $11,169.88; 31st Jan., 1893, $7,307.08.

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT.

HON. MR. DAVIE resumed the adjourned debate on the Public Health Act. He said that the amendment of the hon. member for Yale (Mr. Semlin) had undoubtedly been moved for only one purpose, and that was to allow the debate to be continued by the hon. leader of the Opposition. The House had no guarantee of when the report of the Royal Commission would be sent down, or if it would be sent down at all in time for the present session. That report would no doubt contain very many valuable suggestions, which would, however, not be of very much use in framing the Health Act, which was drawn upon the lines adopted in other parts of the world; but when it came to passing rules and regulations under the Act which was now being considered, those suggestions would be very useful indeed. He approved of the suggestion that had been made during the course of the debate by the hon. member for New Westminster district to add to the bill as an appendix the rules and regulations in regard to sanitary matters that had been issued by the Government last summer. The suggestion was well worthy of consideration, and very likely before the bill was through committee of the whole, the House would have the advantage of the report of the Commission, when it might be possible to add some valuable regulations. He took occasion to refer to remarks that had been made during the course of the debate on Tuesday by the hon. leader of the Opposition. For simple, pure distortion and twisting of facts, the speech of the hon. leader of the Opposition was the most persistent piece of misrepresentation he had ever heard from even the hon. gentleman, and that was saying a good deal. His action in the matter had been unfair and his method in the debate had been dishonest in the extreme—that was, dishonest speaking in a parliamentary sense, and he (Mr. Davie) would have to claim the indulgence of the House while he related the true facts of the case. As an illustration of how little sincerity there was in anything that Hon. Mr. Beaven had said, and at the same time as showing how shallow were his efforts at distortion, he alluded to the Kennedy case and to the assertion without argument made by Mr. Beaven that what was done was illegal and that the Speaker and all concerned were liable to an action for heavy damages because of it, and that the Kennedys would have brought such an action had they not known that the Government would legislate against it. That statement was an insult to the independence of this House, and well the hon. gentleman knew it, for he must have known, if he knew anything at all, that the House would not support any government for a single day, that no government could regain the confidence of the House for a single hour, if ever an attempt was made to legislate away vested rights. If there was one thing more than another in which this Government pride itself, it was the desire to retain and maintain vested rights, and if these parties had any good cause for an action against the Speaker or members of the House, they could rest assured that nothing would ever be done to take it away from them. But assuming, for the sake of argument, that the Government would have passed a measure of that kind, surely in the nine or ten months since that matter was before the House before there had been time for them to bring their action? And in that time what opportunity would the Government have had to come before the House and ask for legislation? The hon. gentleman had said on Friday last that the debate had come upon him unexpectedly or else that he would have been prepared to have shown that the Health Act under which the rules and regulations were issued last summer, was repealed and obsolete. He (Mr. Beaven) had had another chance yesterday to favor the House with this argument, but nothing had been heard of it then. Replying to what Dr. Milne had said about the Government trying to deprive him of all the powers of Health Officer for the city of Victoria, he said the Government wanted to do nothing of the kind. They simply wanted to have control of smallpox matters, which were being mismanaged by the city, and the Government did get this control, and exercised it until they had stopped the spread of the disease. He briefly recalled the circumstances of the "case stated" which had been proposed to be submitted to the Supreme Court, and which would have been submitted had not the City Council, after asking the Government for aid, made other arrangements so that the money asked for was not required. As to the charge that the Government had threatened to put the sheriff in charge, all he would say was that the City refused or hesitated to pay certain bills contracted for labor, supplies, etc., and the Government came to the rescue and, having paid the bills, provided a means for collecting the money from the City, but it had never been necessary to use that process to collect it as the Council repaid every dollar of the money expended on its account, some $4,000, showing that they regarded it as a just and proper claim. He ridiculed the statement made by the hon. leader of the Opposition that the Health Rules were unintelligible, etc., and had to be amended from time to time, showing that there had really been no amendments made, and that the supplementary rules were but additions for particular purposes. As to the charge that the Government had one law for the rich and another for the poor, he instanced the case of the removal of Hon. Forbes G. Vernon, who, though he would have liked to have remained in his own house, where he was as comfortable as any man could be under such circumstances, had been one of the first patients to be taken out to the Jubilee quarantine station. Dealing again with the circumstances of the unfortunate death of the man McKay, he showed by indisputable evidence that both the medical health officer, Dr. Milne, and the medical gentleman, Dr. Crompton, who had charge of the case, knew the removal was to take place and had not raised one word of protest against it to the officer who had charge of the removals. The inevitable conclusion to be drawn from this fact was that they anticipated no danger or they would have made some objection. He (Mr. Davie) did not blame anyone for the man's death, but he now blamed the hon. gentleman opposite for so disingenuously trying to cast a calumny on the authorities for what they never complained of at the time when it was their duty to have done so, if they had seen any cause. For hon. gentlemen opposite to say there had been any political animus in the action of the Government during the smallpox outbreak was a foul untruth, for a ghastly time it would have been to mix up politics with health matters when there was danger of the loathsome disease spreading to all parts of the Province, because of the neglect of the Victoria City authorities in handling the disease until there were thirty-five to fifty cases. The Government was taunted because it had not interfered with the City authorities in Vancouver, New Westminster and Nanaimo. Why should they have done so when those City authorities were dealing promptly with the disease and taking every necessary step to prevent its spread? He took decided exception to the statement of hon. gentlemen opposite that the Government had employed unqualified men, for it was a well known fact that they had secured the services of the very best men available, men who, like Dr. Davie, Dr. Hasell and Dr. Wade, stood high in the ranks of their profession. Concluding, he referred to the fact that the smallpox was a thing of the past now. When there had been danger and widespread panic the Government had come to the rescue, and then the men who were now vilest in their attacks had nothing but praise for them; but when the atmosphere had cleared, then there was nothing but abuse. It was another illustration of the old saw:

"When the devil was sick
The devil a monk would be.
When the devil got well,
The devil a monk was he."

MR. COTTON said that a number of the hon. members on his side of the House were agreed that a measure such as the Public Health Act was advisable. He would like to see the rules appended, but was well aware that for cases of epidemic and emergency no rules which would cover everything could be made until the epidemic or emergency arose. The principle of the bill had his hearty support, and he was satisfied that in committee some minor amendments could be made, which would complete it so that it would work satisfactorily.

DR. MILNE again spoke, covering the same ground as previously.

MR. HUNTER said that he would support the measure on its merits, and if its provisions were strict they were just what was required for the Province of British Columbia.

MR. HORNE considered the general provisions of the bill good, but some amendments in committee would improve it. He would support the second reading.

HON. MR. POOLEY continued the debate, and warmly repudiated the suggestion that had been thrown out by hon. members opposite that the Government had, last summer, acted in the smallpox matter with a political motive. What the Government had done was done in the cause of humanity and for the public good alone, and it was an unfair thing now to attack the Government for their active endeavors to stop the spread of the disease at a time when they were placed in such an awkward position. (Hear, hear.) Concluding, he would say to those hon. gentlemen who had suggested amendments to be made in committee, that the Government would be happy to accept any amendment in the direction of the principle of the bill—the preservation of the public health.

The second reading of the bill was carried and the amendment rejected on the following division, viz.:

AYES—Messrs. Baker, Davie, Vernon, Stoddart, Booth, Nason, Pooley, Turner, Rogers, Croft, Hunter, Martin, Anderson, Fletcher, Watt, Keith, Forster, Brown, Smith, Horne, Kellie, Cotton, Punch, Kitchen, Sword—25.

NAYS—Messrs. Beaven, Milne, McKenzie and Semlin—4.

MARRIED WOMEN'S PROPERTY ACT.

HON. MR. DAVIE moved the second reading of a bill to amend the Married Women's Property Act.

Bill read a second time; to be committed to-morrow.

REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS, ETC.

On the motion to consider the report of the committee of the whole on the bill to amend the Births, Deaths, and Marriages Act, several amendments were inserted. Further consideration was postponed.

VANCOUVER INCORPORATION ACT.

MR. COTTON introduced a bill to amend the Vancouver Incorporation Act. Read a first time and referred to the Private Bills committee.

BREEDING STOCK BILL.

The House went into committee of the whole on a bill to amend the Breeding Stock Act. Bill reported complete without amendment. Report adopted and bill read a third time and passed.

The House adjourned at 5:30 o'clock.

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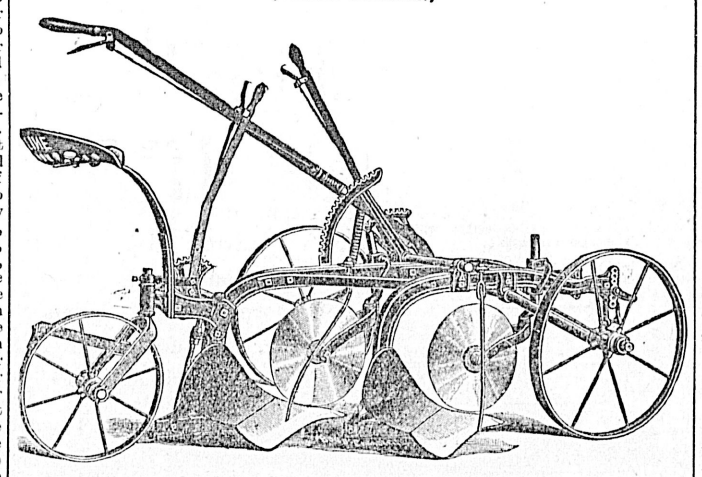

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Empress of India...	Mar. 15, "	April 3, "
Empress of Japan ..	April 12, "	April 21, "
Empress of China...	May 3, "	May 15, "
Empress of India...	May 24, "	June 5, "
Empress of Japan ..	June 11, "	June 26, "
Empress of China...	July 5, "	July 17, "
Empress of India...	July 26, "	Aug. 7, "
Empress of Japan ..	Aug. 16, "	Aug. 28, "
Empress of China ..	Sept. 6, "	Sept. 18, "
Empress of India...	Sept. 27, "	Oct. 16, "
Empress of Japan ..	Oct. 25, "	Nov. 13, "
Empress of China ..	Nov 22, "	Dec. 11, "

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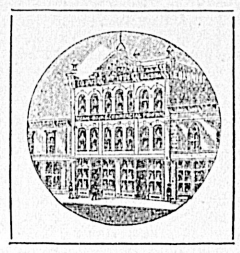

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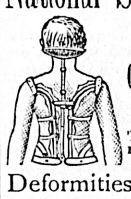

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REFERENCES—Governor E. P. Ferry, Olympia; John P. Hoyt, Associate Justice of Supreme Court, 602 Fourth St., Seattle; Wm. McKeon, Oriental Hotel, Victoria; Ben. E. Snipes, Banker, Seattle. my6

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A THEATRICAL REVIEW.

A Plethora of Notable Attractions In New York.

A CRITICISM OF ELEONORA DUSE.

Hammerstein's Grand Opera Venture. "The Girl I Left Behind Me"—William H. Crane In "On Probation"—A Steeplechase Drama and an Elaborate Spectacle.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Eleonora Duse has captured New York. There is no denying it. She did not come unheralded, as has been ridiculously asserted, for she received as shrewd preadvertising as any new foreign star that ever visited this country. The New York newspapers, with unaccustomed liberality, printed long extracts from the press of Berlin and Vienna detailing the Duse's triumphs. She was lauded to the skies, and now that she has had a fair hearing I must confess that she is deserving of most of the praise bestowed upon her. Managers of foreign dramatic stars generally make the mistake of inviting comparison with Bernhardt. I say "mistake," for so far no woman has been found who is the equal of the great French actress, and the Duse is no exception to the rule.

VON JANUSCHOWSKY.

She imagines that her strongest point is naturalness. In reality her great merit lies in her remarkable power of facial expression. In the deliberate low tones her voice is pathetically tremulous to a degree never attained by any actress of the present day. Her figure is rather pleasing, and her face, though the reverse of beautiful, is agreeable to look upon when lighted up by the big lustrous eyes which she knows so well how to use.

In the gentler speeches Mme. Duse has the power to express tears in her voice, and the genuine article really does flow copiously from her eyes. There is no simulation. It is all horribly real.

Some of Duse's work is almost brutal in its naked naturalness. In "Camille" the unblushing manner in which she, as Margherita Gauthier, exhibits her unbridled and fiercely passionate love for Armando Duval is so real that it is painful. Still it is just what might be expected of such a woman as "La Dame aux Camelias."

Mme. Duse walks awkwardly. She has a way of protruding her chest that conveys the impression of consciousness. Then, too, in striving manifestly after the intensely natural she does many things which are decidedly unnatural. For instance, when I saw her drop carelessly into a chair which was wrong side before, I said to myself, "There is an artist who will not mar the effectiveness of a scene by twisting that chair around." The second time she did it I thought it a coincidence, but when she deliberately turned a chair around so that she might sit on it the wrong way, the naturalness of the act took wings, and cunning artificiality perched in its place.

It is doubtless a fact that Mme. Duse's freedom from stage trickery and supreme contempt for conventionality were once genuine. The newspapers probably called attention to the daring genius of her methods, and she, in endeavoring to emphasize the reputation she had earned, went so far on one side that she fell over on the other.

Mme. Duse's voice, when employed in violently emotional scenes, is her weakest point. In "Camille," which she chose as the vehicle for her American debut, she utterly failed to arouse the audience to the pitch of enthusiasm to which Bernhardt, Clara Morris and Modjeska have accustomed us. She evidently knows of this weakness, for she never puts her voice to a severe test, preferring to subdue her auditors by quiet methods rather than to excite them by violent declamation. This was particularly noticeable in the interview with the elder Duval in the second act of "Camille."

It is often falsely argued that everything on the stage should be exactly as it is in ordinary life. This is manifestly the wrong view, for plays are always the grouping together of a series of incidents which are out of the ordinary. Different persons are affected in different ways by the same news in real life, and for stage purposes the type to be followed is that one which is most unusual, whether by reason of intense calmness or unrestrained excitement. Thus, when the elder Duval tells Margherita that she must give up his son forever, she would reply with a simple "All right" or "I will not" if she were of a phlegmatic nature. If, on the other hand, she were a woman of a highly wrought and acutely nervous temperament, she would almost go into hysterics.

ELEONORA DUSE.

Mme. Duse paints Margherita as a creature of impulse, restless, uneasy, fidgety, unquiet, cynical in the common affairs of life, but steadfast as the sun where her affections have been placed. She had grown to love Armando with an intensity that was at once charming and frightful. Would such a woman tamely surrender the man of her choice? Would she not fume and fret and chide and scold and beat the air and declaim violently against fate before consenting to do something intended to cause her lover to forever lose faith in her? I think so, and I believe Mme. Duse thinks so, too, but is afraid to essay something in which many actresses easily excel her.

The unconventionality—I call it awkwardness—of Duse's stiff arm and wide-apart-fingers gesticulation has been praised by many, but it is really the one thing which seriously mars her work, and, painful as it is to admit it, it is undeniable that the lady "flops"—that is to say, she tumbles herself about as if in constant protest against a fate which compels her to destroy oxygen and participate in the affairs of this terrestrial globe.

Still Mme. Duse is a great artist—a very great artist. She is more artist in fact than she is actress. Her eyes are literally the windows of her soul, and the effects she produces with that monotonous voice by simply increasing or diminishing its volume is marvelous. Her face is mobile, and she has no superior in the expression of mute despair.

I have criticised Mme. Duse because the circumstances under which she appears invite analysis, but her merits so completely overshadow her defects that she may fairly be considered one of the world's greatest artists. By the way, the lady's name is pronounced Doo-zay, with a particularly light accent on the final syllable.

Oscar Hammerstein has inaugurated his season of grand opera in English at the Manhattan Opera House. The only work new to this country is "Boabdil," by Moritz Moszkowski. This opera is not a notable contribution to dramatic music, but it will probably prove acceptable despite its poverty of melody. Hammerstein has long had an idea that grand opera in English at reasonable prices would pay in New York if presented by a company of excellence without the accessories of high priced stars. He has as principals Messrs. Otto Rathjens, Payne Clarke, J. Bolze, Alphonse Fuguet, Conrad Behrens, Durward Lely and Mmes. Januschowsky, Dorri, Albu, Reimers, Eily Coghlan and others.

None of these people possess phenomenal voices, but they can all sing well, and most of them are fairly good actors.

Mr. Charles Frohman, with his fine stock company, his handsome and conveniently located new Empire theater, and the elegant mounting given to "The Girl I Left Behind Me," may succeed in making this first joint effort of Belasco and Fyles a "go," but I very much doubt it. And even if he should, it will be but another evidence of the degeneracy of the theatrical tastes of a class of people who ought to be able to distinguish between sincerity and frippery, between heroism and fustian, between naturalness and artificiality.

"The Girl I Left Behind Me" is a melodrama. Regarded as such and compared with the nightmares which nowadays torture the theater going public under that alluring title, it is fairly good. But on the playbill it is called an "American drama," and it is upon this claim that it should be criticised. If, as is generally supposed, Mr. Fyles is the author and Mr. Belasco the constructor of "The Girl I Left Behind Me," the latter is entitled to most of the praise of which the piece is worthy, although even his work is sadly defective.

SCENE FROM "THE GIRL I LEFT BEHIND ME."

The play contains one little idea. This is cherished tenderly through four acts. It is laid in cotton batting from time to time when it gets weak, and a little comedy which is more or less funny is introduced, not because it comes about naturally, but because the play must last well on to 11 o'clock, and there is not enough of the main idea to hang on for that length of time. Some of this "comedy" never fails to bring smiles to the faces of people who are at all familiar with the better class of drama, but they are smiles of ridicule mingled with pity for the ignorance of the unthinking who applaud such claptrap. For instance, one girl gets the man who it is at once seen is destined to become her sweetheart to turn his head while she wipes her hands on her petticoat and then quietly raises her dress and lets him dry his on the same garment.

In another act the sister of one of the lieutenants attached to the post is desperately in love with a private soldier who has been wounded. His forehead is bleeding—or at least she says it is—and the handkerchiefs she has being too small for the purpose of binding up his head she orders the soldier to look out of the window. Then she promptly elevates her dress and rips the flounce from her petticoat.

And this is called comedy!

I do not believe that "The Girl I Left Behind Me" will enjoy a long run in spite of its excellent surroundings, and I am quite positive that it does not deserve it, no matter what the result may be. The finale of the second act is quite strong without noise, and the finale of the third act is similarly strong, but with an accompaniment of racket that seems incongruous away from the Bowery. The third climax is a barefaced "take" from "Virginius" and the "Relief of Lucknow." The best character sketch in "The Girl I Left Behind Me" is that of a bluff, jovial major with a grief festering in his manly bosom. The type of present day frontier life in a military post is presumably correct in the main, although it is improbable that private soldiers are permitted to dance with the ladies of the officers' families.

William H. Crane is playing to immense business at the Star theater in "On Probation"—a comedy which he once tried at a matinee. Mr. Crane is a great favorite in this city, and he might profitably remain here the year round if he were so inclined. Martha Morton's new comedy will be produced by Mr. Crane during his present engagement at the Star.

William Gillette emerged from his temporary obscurity on Tuesday night when he presented at the Broadway theater his latest original work, entitled "Ninety Days." The piece may be called a spectacular drama, and the scenery and mechanical effects have probably never been surpassed in elaborateness on the American stage.

It is of about the same nature as "Around the World in Eighty Days," with the exception that the story is intensely dramatic, if a trifle unlikely in its development and bombastic in its sentiment. It has to do with a girl who, by the terms of a rich relative's will, is compelled to find and marry a certain missionary within 90 days from the date of the relative's death, in order to be entitled to the property. The missionary is in India, and it is with the adventures of the quasi heiress and her party while searching for the good man that the play deals.

OCTAVUS COHEN.

WITH STICK AND STONE

Hockey and Curling Growing In Popularity Here.

PRETTY GIRLS CHASE THE PUCK.

Fair English and Canadian Maids Who Handle Their Hockey Sticks With Great Skill—The Ancient Scotch Game of Curling and How It Is Played.

The English game of hockey and the Scotch sport, curling, have more devotees in the United States the present winter than ever before, and just now the admirers of both games are particularly active in all parts of the country where there is firm glassy ice. Hockey as played in England and Canada differs very little from the shinney and rink polo played on ice and roller skates in the United States and especially in New England.

ENGLISH GIRLS PLAYING HOCKEY.

Hockey proper is an ice skating game. There are seven players on a side, and the object which is knocked along the ice by the curved hockey sticks is a round bit of vulcanized rubber shaped like a silver dollar and called the puck. The goals are posts driven into the ice six feet apart at each end of the rink, and when the puck is in play each team endeavors to knock it between the goalposts of its opponent and score a game. When the contest is opened, the puck is placed on the ice midway between the goals; the center forwards of each team force each other with the puck between them, strike the ice once and each other's sticks three times, and the puck is in play. At this time each player is "on side"—that is, the puck is between him and the opposing goal, and one of the most important rules of the game provides that the players must always be in this position when they strike the puck.

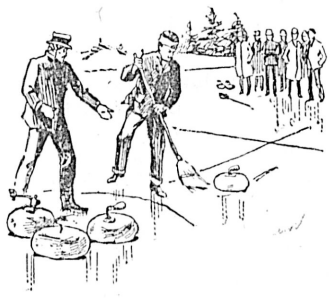
If a player is offside, however, he is on side again the instant an opponent touches the puck. The game is so exciting when well played that the spectators can with difficulty keep their seats. Here and there the players glide over the ice with the swiftness of the wind, dodging or supporting one another, raising the puck by a "lift" with the flat but curved end of their sticks and sending it twenty feet into the air over the heads of opponents and toward the goal of the enemy, stopping the puck with skates or sticks, giving it a "shoot" through the air just above the ice by a well directed blow or taking a run down the rink with the puck sliding along the ice in front of the stick and dodging every opponent in the way with a skill that elicits the applause of thousands.

Play continues an hour, which is divided into two halves, with 10 minutes' intermission between them, and the side scoring the most goals wins. In shinney and rink polo a small hard rubber ball is used instead of the puck, and in many games the players can strike the ball whether they are on side or not, but they must always be in the position proper for right handed striking or they may feel the weight of an opponent's stick across their shins as he strikes at the ball from the regulation attitude.

Pretty girls play hockey very well in Canada and England, and one of the illustrations in this article represents a spirited game between rosy cheeked English maidens on the ice at Wimbledon park lake, London.

For many centuries Scotch athletes have joyfully hailed the approach of winter, for winter brings ice, and ice brings curling. The game is a simple one, and all Sandy needs is a diagram called a "rink" etched in the smooth ice, a pair of big stones with handles and a good broom, and he is ready. There are four players on a side, and each player has two of the curling stones, which weigh from 35 to 42 pounds apiece and are smooth on the bottom. Each team has a captain, who is called the "skip," and who advises the men what to do and then plays himself. The rink is a rectangle marked on the ice and is 46 yards long and 7 or 8 in width.

Near each end of the rink is a big circle 7 feet in diameter called the "hoose," or house when the Scotch patois is dropped. In the center of each circle is a small round



CURLERS USING THE BROOM.

hole called the "tee," and the object of each player, who stands at the end of the rink and throws the two stones he is allotted, is to have them slide along the ice and stop as near the tee as possible. Each stone must pass beyond the "hog score," a line just in front of the ring, and remain inside the ring, or it is out of the game. The points each side makes are based on the proximity of the teams' stones to the tee. One of the most exciting features of the game is the sweeping, when the players make a smooth path for their comrade's oncoming stone by a vigorous use of the broom on the ice if the stone's momentum indicates that it will not reach a point near the tee.

EARLE H. EATON.

Planquette's New Opera.

Planquette's new opera, "La Talisman," has been well received at the Gaiety in Paris, notwithstanding its ridiculous book, which shows Louis XV in a sentimental role.

Miss Mary Timberman, who was a pupil of James E. Murdoch, and is now Janauschek's leading lady, has made a great hit as Queen Elizabeth in "Mary Stuart."

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining and Land Co., Ltd.

FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL. (Used principally for Gas and Domestic purposes.) | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL. (Steam Fuel.)

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL.

(House and Steam Coal.) Are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage o Gas, a high Illuminating power, unequalled by any other Bituminous Gas Coals in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.
THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.
THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite fuel for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel the market.
The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

Ex "CHILI" from London. Just Landed.

VERY FINE CLARET, (In Case and Bulk.)
CHOICE BURGUNDY,
CAMUSET CHAMPAGNE (The Finest Dry Wine in the Province.)

CHAMPAGNE VINEYARD CO. BRANDY 1867 AND 1831.

Brown's Celebrated 4 Crown Scotch Whiskey, Guinness' Stout, bottled by Foster. Bass' Ale, bottled by Foster.

White's Portland Cement, Fire Brick, Blacksmith's Coal, Coke, Pig Iron, Etc., Etc., Etc.

TURNER, BEETON & CO.

dec1

NOTICE OF SALE BY SHERIFF.

PURSUANT TO THE "EXECUTION ACT."

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

Henry Barry and William Frederick Barry, Plaintiffs;
and
Alfred Napier Barry, Defendant.

IN OBEDIENCE to a Writ of *Fieri Facias*, issued out of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, dated the 18th day of January, 1893, and to me directed in the above suit, for the sum of $2,352.54, and $7.00 for costs of execution, etc., and also interest on $2,352.54 at 6 per centum per annum from the 15th day of November, 1892, until payment, besides Sheriff's poundage and fees, I have seized and will sell by public auction, in front of my office, Court House, Bastion Street, in the City of Victoria, on Monday, the 20th day of February, 1893, at 12 o'clock noon, the interest of Alfred Napier Barry in the lands and tenements as described in this advertisement, or sufficient thereof to satisfy the judgment debt and expenses of this action.

District.	No. of Lot.	Concise Description.	Estate or Interest.
Victoria West.	Part of Lots 6, 7 and 8, Block B, Section 31.	Part of Lots 6, 7 and 8, Block B, Section 31, Victoria West, and build'gs thereon.	In fee simple. Interest of defendant herein.

When to be Sold.	Where to be Sold.
Monday, 20th day of February, 1893.	At the Sheriff's office, Court House, Bastion Street, Victoria.

The judgment herein was registered in the Land Registry Office, Victoria, against the said lands, the 16th day of November, 1892.

J. E. McMILLAN,
fe14-7 Sheriff.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next session of the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia, application will be made for an act to revise, consolidate and amend the City of Victoria Official Map Act, 1890, the City of Victoria Official Map Amendment Act, 1891, the City of Victoria Official Map Act, 1883, the City of Victoria Official Map Act Amendment Act, 1888, and the City of Victoria Official Map Amendment Act, 1889, and to extend the provisions of the Act so dealt with to the limits of the city as they now exist, conferring upon the city engineer the power to define and settle street, block and lot lines and boundaries in that portion of section 31, Esquimalt District, known as Victoria West, and making it compulsory that all plans and subdivisions of land within the city limits be approved by the city council prior to their acceptance and registration by the Registrar-General of titles, and a copy of each plan so submitted for approval be filed with the city surveyor of Victoria.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.
Victoria, B. C., 4th January, 1893. jan6

NOTICE—I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Adeline Victoria Grive, or any other person, without my written order. (Signed) Jos. T. Grive, Comox, Grantham P.O. ja21-1m

NOTICE is hereby given that all claims against the undersigned or his estate, be sent in to James McConnell, Victoria, B. C., within 30 days from date.

January 17th, 1893.
ja19-1mo JAMES McCONNELL.

NOTICE.

Having purchased the interest of J. Hasenfratz in the City Brewery, I will continue the business in my own name, assuming all the assets and liabilities of the old firm.

JOHN LAWSON.
Victoria, February 1st, 1893. fe2 1mo

NOTICE

During my absence from the province, Mr. William Power holds my power of attorney.

ja19-1mo L. E. ERB.

BARRELS.

A number of empty Barrels, formerly containing varnish are for sale at "The Colonist" office. se11

I have handled $50,000 worth of business during 1892, and my accounts balance!!

I have also handled $50,000 worth of business during 1892, and my accounts balance.

But I Am Sick

OF DOING BUSINESS THAT WAY.

A balance is a handy thing to have in any business, but it should consist in part at least of a

BANK ACCOUNT.

Finding that my balance consists entirely of Real Estate, I have resolved to endeavor to even up things a little. For this purpose I am offering the following

AWFUL SLAUGHTER:

Seven-Room House—Lot 60x120, on Oak Bay avenue—selling for $2,600; $500 cash, balance on time at 8 per cent. New price $2,500.
Six-Room House—Lot 28x60, on James Bay. Price $850; $250 cash, balance on time at 8 per cent. New price $800.
Eight-Room House—Lot 50x127, on Stanley avenue. Price $2,700; $500 cash, balance on terms to suit. New price $2,600.
Eleven-Room House—Lot 50x127, on Stanley avenue. Price $7,500. New price $6,500. Terms to suit. This is a most desirable residence, containing all the most modern conveniences—hot and cold water, electric bell, perfect ventialtion and sanitation—in fact, a home which will meet the approbation of the most exacting. A chance in a thousand.
Three 6 Room Houses—Lot 60x100, in Victoria West. Price $1,500 each. New price $1,250. All on time at low rate of interest.
Two 5-Room Cottages—Lots 60x100, in Victoria West. Price $1,150 each. New price $900; on time; favorable terms.
Twenty-five Lots in Victoria West, only one mile from the post office. Streets all graded and sidewalks laid; most desirable residence property, selling at from $150 to $300 each. New prices $100 to $200, to clear off a long list.
One Lot 60x120, with 4-Room Cottage, on Oak Bay avenue. Price $1,500. New price $1,100.
One 6-Room House—Lot 60x120, near Jubilee Hospital. Old price $2,500. New price $2,000.

D. R. YOUNG
Land and Building Broker. No. 9 Trounce Avenue.
ja11

LITHOGRAPHING

—AT THE—

COLONIST.

Only First-class Artists Employed.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

The Occidental Hotel

R. H. BERRYMAN, Proprietor.

Nice clean rooms, best of board, well-stocked bar. Rates low; special rates made to families. Strangers in the city will find this a comfortable, home-like house to stop at. No pains spared to give satisfaction. oc18-tf

RAILWAYS.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y

TIME TABLE No. 17,

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Friday September 30th, 1892. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

| GOING NORTH. READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily. | | |

The Colonist.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1893.

ASTRONOMICAL.

VICTORIA, Feb. 16, 1893.

Sun rises.......7.12 a.m. | Sun sets......5.17 p. m.
Moon sets 6.04 a.m.

Day of the year, 47th.

N.B.—The above calculations are based on mean solar time, which is 13m. 32s. *slower* than Victoria standard time.

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, Feb. 15, 1893.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p.m.

1 a. m.,	36°	Mean 39°	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
a. m.,	38°		5 a.m—8 N.
9 a. m.,	37°	Highest 42°	1 p.m—Calm.
1 p. m.,	42°		9 p.m—Calm.
5 p. m.,	41°	Lowest 36°	
9 p. m.,	40°		Rain—.89 in.

Average state of weather—Cloudy.

E. BAYNES REED, Observer.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer ISLANDER from Vancouver—Miss M Kerne, M Goodman, F A Quigley, H W Williams, T S Gore, Miss Ida Carmichael, H B French, C S Windsor, G S Dutcher, J Murray, H E McDonald, P A Fisches, G W Tutchill, T R Smith, Mrs Jones, John Hendry, Mr Bainbridge, T H Gray, Mrs Bennett, Alex Ewen, D D Rose, Mrs McDonald, Mrs Fisches, J A Phillips, J Nicholles, W Jones, Thos Allice, L H Mershon, F Kirkland, R Collister, J Hemans.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer ISLANDER from Vancouver—Lenz & Leiser, J Horner, J Braden, A J McLelland, J Johnston, Turner, Beeton & Co, H Walter, A B Erskine, Nat Elec Co, T B Pearson, A McGregor, Marvin & Tilton, W H Redmond, B Gordon, S Leiser, McL & McF, Wilson Bros, H Bay Co, R H Jamieson, E H Wadsworth, J Partridge, Mrs Bickford, R McDonald, Canada Paint Co, E J Salmon, Langley & Co, J Fullerton, Cavin Bros, Jacob Lucvor, D Spencer, T Earle, Carne & Munsie, H Saunders, Fell & Co, H Clay, Dean & Cryderman, E G Prior, Sydney Shore, Times, Major Peters, S-H-E Co, Wm Wilby, D H Ross, Lange & Co, Government Printing Office, R Jamieson, A Lewis & Co, J Piercy, R Porter, Geo Riley, H B Lowell, Wm Christie, J H Todd, H Saunders, Dom Ex Co.

DIED.

EBERTS—On the 14th inst., at 6 p.m. David MacEwen Hope, son of David MacEwen and Mabel Hope Eberts, aged 3½ months.

The funeral will take place TO-DAY (Thursday), at 1.30 p.m., from the parents' residence, Gorge road.

WILLIAMS—In this city, on February 14th, 1893, Edward Williams, aged 45 years; a native of Cardiff, Wales.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

CHANGING HANDS.

Mr. B. Gordon's Grocery Store Passes Over to Erskine, Wall & Co.

It will be learned with regret that Mr. B. Gordon is about to sever his connection with Victoria. He has disposed of his old established grocery business to Messrs. Erskine, Wall & Co., in whose hands it will no doubt be conducted with that success which has always characterized the house. Mr. Gordon returns to Manitoba in a short time, and in losing his citizenship Victoria sustains a serious loss. During his residence here Mr. Gordon has made himself as useful as he was popular, and whenever anything was even suggested in the interests of the city, he was ever found ready and willing to lend a helping hand. As a member of the Board of Trade he played no small part in all that pertains to that body, while as one of the directors of the Royal Jubilee Hospital his counsel and help will be much missed. The Victoria Jockey Club will be deprived of a very active member, as will also the Agricultural Society. In every way in which Mr. Gordon could be of service he was always a willing volunteer, and the more he did the better he liked it. Messrs. Erskine and Wall are no strangers to the business in which they are about to engage. Mr. Wall has been identified with the concern at its present location through many changes of proprietors for the past eighteen years. Mr. Erskine was also connected with the same business for some years during Mr. Ofner's ownership. The new proprietors will assume charge on the 1st of March.

PERSONALS.

O. D. Rose, of Toronto, is a guest at the Driard.

John Hendry and A. Ewen, of New Westminster, are at the Driard.

J. W. Haskins, of Lardeau, is in the city.

Thomas R. Smith was in Vancouver yesterday.

W. Baker, S. D. Mason, P. Rothschild and Jos. Liller, of Tacoma, are guests at the Driard.

Guests at the Hotel Victoria: E. Cox, Nanaimo; J. Burke and wife, Astoria, Or.; E. P. Davis, Vancouver.

Appointed a Director.

At the sixth annual meeting of the Manufacturers Life Insurance Company, held in Toronto on Jan. 19th, Hon. Theodore Davie, of this city, was appointed one of the directors of that company. The affairs of the institution were reported to be in a very satisfactory condition. Morrow, Holland & Co. are the local agents of the company.

I. O. G. T. Meeting.

Victoria West Lodge, I. O. G. T., held a meeting last night. After routine work had been transacted the officers entertained the lodge with a programme consisting of songs, recitations and readings. At the conclusion of the programme refreshments were served by the ladies, and a very pleasant time was spent in social chat during the remainder of the evening.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Carpenter tools at Cheapside. *

Xmas gifts in variety at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street. *

A fine variety of china goods suitable for Xmas presents now on view and for sale cheap at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street. *

Cheap dinner sets at Cheapside. *

Meiklejohn's Grammars at Hibben & Co.'s.

"What are you boys going to get your mamma for a present?"
"Won't you tell?"
"No."
"A pair of slippers with soft wool soles."

Each and every purchaser of goods value of 25c has a chance in the Saturday night's drawing at Morris', tobacconist. *

John Bull ranges at Cheapside. *

Meiklejohn's Grammar's at Hibben & Co.'s.

CONDENSED CABLEGRAMS.

The Panama Trials Said to Have Been Influenced by Political Considerations.

Italian Finances—Destitute Aliens in England—Socialism in Germany.

Timothy Harrington has sent circulars to the members of the National League, requesting them to send delegates to a convention of Parnellites to be held in Dublin just before the second reading of the Home Rule bill.

Verdi has telegraphed to Signor Martini, Minister of Education, concerning the title of marquis conferred upon him by the King of Italy: "My gratitude would have been far greater had I been spared this honor," he said.

The attacks of the French newspapers upon the savings banks has caused the withdrawal of 50,000,000 francs in excess of deposits between January 1 and February 10.

M. Allard, Belgian delegate to the monetary conference, has addressed to his fellow delegates a pamphlet explaining the compromise plan which he submitted on December 8. He advocates the purchase of silver at the market price, the issue in exchange for it of treasury notes expressing gold units, the notes to be of constant value and to circulate at par with gold, which is to remain the only international standard. This proposal does not countenance the use of silver certificates or warrants.

Signor Grimaldi, minister of the treasury, reviewing the country's financial condition in the Chamber of Deputies, said the budget for 1893 4, showed an estimated surplus of $280,000. The Government proposed to establish a petroleum monopoly which would realize $2,600,000 yearly, and a monopoly in alcoholic liquors which would yield $1,400,000.

The German foreign office has been gratified by advices from St. Petersburg to the effect that the squadron which Russia will send to attend the naval fetes in New York will not call at Cherbourg and that the Czarewitch will not visit Paris this year. M. de Giers, the Russian foreign minister who returned to St. Petersburg to-day, is known to be a persistent opponent of an alliance with France. The decisions with regard to the Czarewitch and the Russian squadron will be a source of chagrin to the French people.

The Paris correspondent of the Times reiterates the statement that the trial and decision in the Panama case were influenced by political considerations and quotes current gossip in Paris to prove the correctness of his belief. The decision was altered, he says, after the speech of M. Cavaignac so that it might weaken the effect of the speech by surpassing M. Cavaignac's declarations in integrity, honor and national pride. Hours before the reading of the decision, M. Eiffel was informed he had been acquitted. The decision had been completed originally the night before, but was so hastily and generally altered shortly before it was delivered that Judge Perivier could hardly read it.

Negotiations as to the programme of the International Sanitary Conference, to consider precautions against cholera, are still in progress between Austria-Hungary and Germany. The report has been started from semi-official sources that the conference may take place before the end of this month.

For some days the Reichstag has recently discussed the merits and demerits of Socialism. No special resolution was involved, yet it will assume the proportions of an important political event through a series of interesting phases which were at first of small apparent moment, but are rapidly developing into a general battle, which is exciting all parties and arresting the attention of the whole country. The debate was attended with several exchanges of acrimonious language. Talk in the lobby turned upon the possibility of a speech in debate assisting in bringing about the much hoped for coalition among the various groups into a law and order party against the socialists, but the Freissinnige and Center parties were separated by a gulf which it was not possible to permanently bridge. The committee of the army bill is proceeding so slowly that the bill is not likely to come up for a second reading until after the Easter recess.

In the House of Commons recently, Mr. Gladstone, in reply to an amendment offered by Sir James Lowther asking for a bill to restrict the immigration of destitute aliens, argued that Great Britain exported more working people than it imported, and that any restriction would afford an excuse for other nations to stop the entrance of British emigrants to their domains. Still, Mr. Gladstone added, the Government was willing to grant a commission of inquiry on the subject. The Board of Trade was about to send a commissioner to the United States to ascertain how far the American system would apply to England.

UNITING CONTINENTS.

The Proposal to Bridge Behring Strait and For a Trans-Siberian Railway Connection.

The great project to build a railroad to and through Alaska and to bridge Behring sea, which has so ofeen been a subject of discussion on the Pacific Coast, seems to be at last about to take definite shape. The operator to undertake the feat is no less than Henry Clews, the great multi-millionaire banker and financier of New York city. Two years ago last November of party of British capitalists with a few Americans, noted for their stupendous undertakings in projects of this sort, met at a banquet given by Henry Clews of New York. Two of their number incidentally discussed the feasibility of building an all-rail route from Vancouver to Cape Prince of Wales in Alaska. This, however, was lightly passed over at the time, but in less than twenty days a fund of £20,000 was subscribed to defray expenses for running the preliminary lines and making estimates, with authority to draw on the treasury at once for one-half the amount.

On June 3, 1891, a party of engineers, in company with three packers, set out from Vancouver. The instruction was limited to only taking topography of the country from the point of starting to Juneau, Alaska. Copper river was encountered 120 miles from Prince William sound. The next point the party aimed for was the Sushina river. On January 3, 1892, they left this place for Mulato. This trip was fraught with extreme hardships, and at times the weather was so severe they were compelled to remain in camp for weeks at a time. They were lost in the bend of the Yukon for nine days. There were 200 inhabitants at Mulato. Here they remained forty days. From this point to the Cape occupied the time of the expedition until September 24, 1892.

The distance traveled to the Cape was 2,346 miles, not including the distance traveled from the first camp on the Yukon to Mulato. Mr. Hutchison says that the report which will be submitted by Engineer Faulkner to the promoters will clearly establish and fully recommend the practicability of the route for an all-rail line between Vancouver and Cape Prince of Wales. In all this route comparatively easy grades can be attained, Vincent Pass, in the Alaskans, being the hardest to overcome; but the altitude is no higher than that of Stampede Pass on the Northern Pacific railway.

"At Behring Strait the party remained from the 25th of September to the latter part of November, engaged in making soundings and taking observations with a view to the possibility of using any of the modern bridge designs known to span the Strait. As a result of Engineer Faulkner's observation, he concludes that although the Strait proper at this point is twenty-six miles wide from one mainland to the other, yet, by utilizing eight islands the cantilever bridge can be successfully brought into requisition.

In two places from little or lower Diamede Island no modern bridge would be able to span, as each one would be five times as long as the main span in Brooklyn bridge, but he is of the opinion thnt a double-deck pontoon could be used at those places. At this point he reports that there is little or no danger from icebergs, as 40 miles up the strait all large icebergs are stranded or run aground. With a stone breakwater protection to part of the piers the bridge would be secure. He also reports that from his observations the approach from East Cape, in Siberia, is gradual, as also is that on the Alaska or American side, and from what he has learned and heard, this road would traverse a region devoid of high grades, and the valleys of two river beds can be used until the road is well toward Southern Russia. The nearest railroad terminal point to East Cape is Sandesluske, on a branch of the Orenburg railroad, which runs into a wheat belt. This would be on an air line 2,275 miles from East Cape.

Engineer Faulkner has given out to the party that a Russian company is organized with the approval of the Czar, and that two-thirds of the distance of the contemplated route was surveyed two years ago. Isaac C. Selbert, an Israelite banker at Prague and St. Petersburg, is foremost in building the road in Russian territory, and has ample means at his call. The parties whom he represents are acting in conjunction with Drexel, Morgan & Co., and H. Clews & Co. It is intimated that the entire road on the American side can be built for $23,500 per mile. In the event the report is approved the first work will begin in August, 1893, as prerequisite concessions and charters will have to be obtained from the respective governments. This road, when completed, would make an all-rail route to Continental Europe and Asia and could be extended to Africa by bridging the Suez.

Theosophy.

An interesting meeting of "Kshanti" Lodge was held on Wednesday evening, February 15, at 212 View street. An address was delivered by Mr. E. B. Rambo, of San Francisco, on "The Heart Doctrine" and on "Re-incarnation." The meeting was well attended, lively interest being evinced. These meetings are held every Wednesday evening.

Some Interesting Contests.

The committee on arrangements for the K. of P. entertainment in the Market hall next Saturday, met last night to report progress. The rules governing tug-of-war tournaments published in yesterday's COLONIST were adopted. They are practically the same as those used in the great International contest at San Francisco. Five teams are entered so far. Sunset lodge will pull Far West lodge. The Firemen are matched against "C" Battery. The N. E. T. & L. employes are arranging to send in a team.

Among the novelties will be a pole climbing contest, a pie biting match and a shoemaking match. The firemen's team will be composed of: Foreman D. Henry, anchor; Engineer C. Bush, stroke; Hosemen H. Petticrew, J. Hay and J. McMullen, Hook and Ladder men W. Randall and C. Palmer, Electrician T. Watson, Tillerman F. Leroy, Driver L. McNeill.

Every lady visitor will be given a ticket entitling her to a chance in the drawings for prizes offered by the K. of P. Arrangements have been made to provide comfortable seats for all.

The Uniform Rank will form at their hall at 7:15 p.m. and parade, then march to the Market hall. The V.A.C. band, which will furnish the music, appear for the first time in public.

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 15.—A bill was introduced into the House to-day prohibiting the wearing of hoop skirts, and providing a penalty for violation of the law.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 15.—The Alaska Packers' Association, which was formed last week to control the salmon industry, have completed the organization of the company and elected their officers. All the canneries in the scheme have received their pro rata of stock in the new association. The object of the companies is is to curtail expenses and limit the output. All the Alaskan canneries except two are in the pool.

CORBETT'S CLAIM.

He Is Prepared to Defend the World's Championship Against Either Mitchell or Peter Jackson.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—W. A. Brady, the manager of James J. Corbett, champion heavy weight pugilist of the world, called at the World office to-day in company with Wm. Delaney and deposited one check of $10,000 to bind a match with Charles Mitchell, of England, and another of $2,500 to bind a match with Peter Jackson, of Australia, under the terms of the following statement: "In accordance with the plans laid out for my self in September last, I take this opportunity of announcing that I am now prepared to defend the title I hold. In evidence of my good faith, I hereby deposit $10,000, and I have authorized W. A. Brady and Wm. Delaney to meet Charles Mitchell, of England, or his representatives, and arrange a match to box to a finish for the championship of the world, $10,000 a side and the largest purse offered by the Coney Island Athletic Club, the Olympic Club, of New Orleans, or the Crescent City Club, of New Orleans, the contest to be according to the Marquis of Queensbury rules, the club to have no power to stop the same or declare a draw. It must be to a finish. On account of prevailing contracts and the necessary three months it it will require to train, the battle will have to take place next December. If Mitchell accepts this proposition, I insist on his depositing the whole amount of the side bet, $10,000, at once, and also that he agree to the final stake holder when the articles are signed. I make this unusual demand because do not think that Mitchell is in earnest, and can only judge him by his previous actions. He signed a contract to box six rounds with me last February and deliberately broke the contract after I had started to train. I hereby accept Peter Jackson's challenge of recent date and to-day deposited the sum of $2,500 as a forfeit to bind a match under the following conditions: If Charles Mitchell does not accept my terms for a contest with him, I am prepared to box Peter Jackson to a finish next December for $10,000 a side and the largest purse offered by the Coney Island Athletic Club, the Olympic Athletic Club, of New Orleans, or the Crescent Athletic Club, of the same city. If Mitchell does accept the above proposition I will make a match immediately with Peter Jackson to fight seven months after I meet Mitchell, for the amount mentioned in his challenge. If Mr. Jackson so desires, I will increase the amount mentioned in his challenge to $10,000 at once if he will do the same, said amount to be forfeited in case either of us shall not fight in accordance with the agreement. I am prepared to sign this week, or, further, if Mr. Mitchell should sign to meet me and then "funk," Jackson is at liberty to take his (Mitchell's) place in December next.

(Signed) JAMES J. CORBETT."

Brady will meet Mitchell or his representatives any day at 3 o'clock in either the World or the Dramatic News offices to sign articles. Mitchell is on the Majestic, which is hourly expected.

Nicaragua Canal Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The bill to secure the construction of the Nicaragua ship canal, occupied the attention of the Senate yesterday. It provides that 3 per cent. bonds of the company to an amount not exceeding $100,000,000 shall be guaranteed (principal and interest) by the Government of the United States. These bonds are to be issued as money is actually paid out and expended by the company in the construction of the canal. The Government is then to own the capital stock of the company, with the exception of $12,000,000 of it, which is to be retained by the company, except the shares to be delivered to the governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica. The importance of this guarantee by the government was demonstrated in a speech by Mr. Frye, Rep., of Maine, who undertook to show that the work would, with the guarantee, be fully completed at a cost of $100,000,000, and that its fixed charges would only be $5,000,000 a year (outside of a sinking fund), whereas without the guarantee the cost would be not less than $200,000,000, and its fixed charges $14,000,000 a year. Mr. Morgan, Dem., of Alabama, discussed the diplomatic features of the measure, which went over without action till to-morrow.

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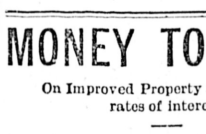

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MEETINGS.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R.—Regular Communication first Thursday each month at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets, at 7:30 p. m. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja28-tf C. DUBOIS MASON.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF FORESTERS —Court Cariboo, No. 743, meets on the 2nd and 4th Wednesday of each month in St. George's Hall, cor. Government and Bastion sts. Visiting brethren welcome. R. Douglas, C. R., A. L. Campbell, R. S. oc15

L. O. L., NO. 1610—Meets first and third Fridays in each month, in Sons of St. George Hall, cor. Government and Bastion Sts. Visiting brethren invited to attend.
ap12 JOHN WALLACE, Sec.

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